Author's Accepted Manuscript

"Sleep bruxism possibly triggered by multiple sclerosis attacks and treated successfully with botulinum toxin: Report of three cases. "

Serhan Sevim, Hakan Kaleağası, Halit Fidancı



PII: S2211-0348(15)00077-2

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.msard.2015.06.006

Reference: MSARD278

To appear in: Multiple Sclerosis and Related Disorders

Received date: 15 December 2014

Revised date: 16 May 2015 Accepted date: 11 June 2015

Cite this article as: Serhan Sevim, Hakan Kaleağası and Halit Fidancı, "Sleep bruxism possibly triggered by multiple sclerosis attacks and treated successfully with botulinum toxin: Report of three cases. ", Multiple Sclerosis and Related Disorders, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.msard.2015.06.006

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Title:

"Sleep bruxism possibly triggered by multiple sclerosis attacks and treated successfully with botulinum toxin: Report of three cases."

Corresponding Author:

Serhan Sevim, M.D.; Prof. of Clinical Neurology, Head of Dept. of Neurology

List of Authors in order:

Serhan Sevim, M.D;. Prof. of Clinical Neurology

Hakan Kaleağası, M.D.; Associate Prof. of Clinical Neurology

Halit Fidancı, M.D.; Neurologist

Affiliation:

Mersin University, Faculty of Medicine, Dept. of Neurology

E-mail addresses:

serhansevim@superonline.com

sevimserhan33@gmail.com

Telephone no:

+90-532-416 88 94

+90 532 611 77 78

Address:

Mersin Üniversitesi, Çiftlikköy Kampüsü, Tıp Fakültesi Hastanesi, Nöroloji Anabilim Dalı Polikliniği, 33343, Mersin TURKEY

FINAL FORM OF THE MANUSCRIPT WITHOUT CORRECTIONS

ABSTRACT

Sleep bruxism refers to a nocturnal parafunctional activity including the clenching, grinding or gnashing of teeth. While most of the nocturnal bruxism cases seen in the general population are apparently idiopathic, it has been reported to be associated with a range of neurological diseases such as Huntington's disease, cranio-cervical dystonia and post-anoxic brain damage, but not multiple sclerosis (MS). We describe three cases of MS patients who have had moderate to severe complaints of bruxism in the two weeks following their relevant MS attacks. None of the three patients had a diagnosis of bruxism prior to her attack. The diagnosis was confirmed in one out of three by a polysomnography. One patient did not have any complaints related to bruxism previous to her attack, whereas two had mild and infrequent complaints. The symptoms of the relevant attacks were left hemihypesthesia in all and hemiparesis in two. None of the patients had spasticity that could result in severe teeth clenching. All three patients presented with morning headaches and jaw pain or tightness and were treated successfully with botulinum toxin (Btx) injections applied to their masseter and temporalis muscles.

The cause of bruxism is controversial but lesions of the cortico-basalganglia-thalamo-cotrical loops are thought to be most likely. However, acute or chronic lesions in those pathways were not demonstrated in the 3 patients. It is feasible that they had normal appearing white matter interruptions in their cortico-basalganglia-thalamocortical loops along with their relevant attack.

MANUSCRIPT

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5912720

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5912720

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>