IMAGES IN INTERVENTION

Use of Bioresorbable Vascular Scaffold in Acute Dissection



Insights From Optical Coherence Tomography

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A 33-year-old man presented with chest pain and dynamic ST-segment elevation in the anterior leads. Coronary angiography revealed dissection in the mid-segment of the left anterior descending coronary artery (LAD) with luminal compression and Thrombolysis In Myocardial Infarction flow grade 2 (**Figure 1**, Online Video 1). This was confirmed on the subsequently



The coronary angiogram demonstrates dissection in the mid-segment of the LAD with luminal compression (Online Video 1). The **arrows** indicate the dissected segment. LAD = left anterior descending coronary artery.

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tomography.

performed optical coherence tomography (OCT) (**Figure 2**). Given his young age, we deployed 2 overlapping bioresorbable vascular scaffolds (BVS) $(3.0 \times 18 \text{ mm and } 3.5 \times 28 \text{ mm})$, achieving good angiographic and OCT results (**Figure 3**, Online Video 2). Despite this, we were concerned about the hematoma segment, that scaffolds may become malapposed following hematoma resolution. So, we reimaged the LAD 5 months later, which showed continued good results on angiogram, but more importantly, the OCT revealed the absence of any malapposed scaffolds (**Figure 4**, Online Videos 3, 4, 5, and 6). The OCT measurements have revealed higher values at follow-up than measured following angioplasty, indicating expansion of the scaffolds (**Figure 5**). Furthermore, the average measurements carried out at every millimeter length in the hematoma segment have also demonstrated similar findings. The average values post-procedure and at follow-up were: Download English Version:

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