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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Spike-timing-dependent plasticity in the human dorso-lateral prefrontal cortex

Elias Paolo Casula¹, Maria Concetta Pellicciari¹, Silvia Picazio¹, Carlo Caltagirone^{1,2}, Giacomo Koch^{1,3}

¹Non Invasive Brain Stimulation Unit, Department of Behavioural and Clinical Neurology, Santa Lucia Foundation IRCCS, Rome, 00179, Italy

²Department of System Medicine, Tor Vergata University, Rome, 00133, Italy

Contact information: Dr. Giacomo Koch, MD PhD, Non Invasive Brain Stimulation Unit, Laboratorio di Neurologia Clinica e Comportamentale, IRCCS Fondazione S. Lucia, Via Ardeatina, 306-00179-Rome, Italy. Phone number +39 0651501181. E-mail address: g.koch@hsantalucia.it

Abstract

Changes in the synaptic strength of neural connections are induced by repeated coupling of activity of interconnected neurons with precise timing, a phenomenon known as spike-timing-dependent plasticity (STDP). It is debated if this mechanism exists in large-scale cortical networks in humans. We combined transcranial magnetic stimulation (TMS) with concurrent electroencephalography (EEG) to directly investigate the effects of two paired associative stimulation (PAS) protocols (fronto-parietal and parieto-frontal) of pre and post-synaptic inputs within the human fronto-parietal network. We found evidence that the dorsolateral prefrontal cortex (DLPFC) has the potential to form robust STDP. Long-term potentiation/depression of TMS-evoked cortical activity is prompted after that DLPFC stimulation is followed/preceded by posterior parietal stimulation. Such

³Stroke Unit, Tor Vergata Policlinic, Rome, 00133, Italy

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