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Temporal and spatial variations of particulate matter and gaseous pollutants in the urban area of Tehran

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Abstract

Being hemmed in on two sides by high mountains, the urban area of Tehran is characterized by high levels of particulate matter and gaseous pollutants, which have adverse consequences on human health, ecosystems and environment. Using air quality measurements taken in different regions of Tehran, spatial and temporal variations of particulate matter and gaseous pollutants are analyzed to identify the typical climatological aspects of air pollutants. In terms of particulate matter concentrations, south of Tehran is more polluted than central to north, while west of Tehran is more polluted than the east. Concentrations of particles in north of Tehran are lower in the midday compared to the midnight, whereas the opposite is true in south of Tehran. The observed annual mean concentrations of $PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10} in north of Tehran were 37.5 and 76.3 μ g m⁻³, respectively, which are substantially greater than the national annual mean safety limits of 10 μ g m⁻³ for $PM_{2.5}$ and 20 μ g m⁻³ for PM_{10} . The observed high levels of particulate matter

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