Accepted Manuscript

Spatio-temporal analysis of rainfall trends over a maritime state (Kerala) of India during the last 100 years

Archana Nair, K. Ajith Joseph, K.S. Nair

PII: S1352-2310(14)00086-7

DOI: 10.1016/j.atmosenv.2014.01.061

Reference: AEA 12740

To appear in: Atmospheric Environment

Received Date: 11 December 2013

Accepted Date: 25 January 2014

Please cite this article as: Nair, A., Ajith Joseph, K, Nair, K.S, Spatio-temporal analysis of rainfall trends over a maritime state (Kerala) of India during the last 100 years, *Atmospheric Environment* (2014), doi: 10.1016/j.atmosenv.2014.01.061.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Spatio-temporal analysis of rainfall trends over a maritime state (Kerala) of India during the last 100 years

3	
4	Archana Nair ¹ , Ajith Joseph K ¹ and Nair K.S ^{1,2}
5	Corresponding author:archana.raman07@gmail.com
6	
7	¹ Nansen Environmental Research Centre (India)
8	6A, Oxford Business Centre, Kochi 682016, Kerala, India
9	² Centre for Earth Research and Environment Management
10	Kochi 682036, Kerala, India

11

Kerala, a maritime state of India is bestowed with abundant rainfall which is about three times the 12 national average. This study is conducted to have a better understanding of rainfall variability and 13 14 trend at regional level for this state during the last 100 years. It is found that the rainfall variation in northern and southern regions of Kerala is large and the deviation is on different timescales. There is a 15 shifting of rainfall mean and variability during the seasons. The trend analysis on rainfall data over the 16 last 100 years reveals that there is a significant (99%) decreasing trend in most of the regions of 17 Kerala especially in the month of January, July and November. The annual and seasonal trends of 18 19 rainfall in most regions of Kerala are also found to be decreasing significantly. This decreasing trend may be related to global anomalies as a result of anthropogenic green house gas (GHG) 20 emissions due to increased fossil fuel use, land-use change due to urbanisation and 21 deforestation, proliferation in transportation associated atmospheric pollutants. We have also 22 conducted a study of the seasonality index (SI) and found that only one district in the northern 23 region (Kasaragod) has seasonality index of more than 1 and that the distribution of monthly 24 rainfall in this district is mostly attributed to 1 or 2 months. In rest of the districts, the rainfall 25 is markedly seasonal. The trend in SI reveals that the rainfall distribution in these districts has 26 27 become asymmetric with changes in rainfall distribution.

28

29 Keywords: Rainfall variability, Trend, Seasonality Index, Kerala

- 30
- 31

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6340852

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6340852

Daneshyari.com