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From cultural traditions to cumulative culture: parameterizing the differences between human and

nonhuman culture

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Running head: Human and nonhuman culture

ABSTRACT

Diverse species exhibit cultural traditions, i.e. population-specific profiles of socially learned traits, from

songbird dialects to primate tool-use behaviors. However, only humans appear to possess cumulative

culture, in which cultural traits increase in complexity over successive generations. Theoretically, it is

currently unclear what factors give rise to these phenomena, and consequently why cultural traditions are

found in several species but cumulative culture in only one. Here, we address this by constructing and

analyzing cultural evolutionary models of both phenomena that replicate empirically attestable levels of

cultural variation and complexity in chimpanzees and humans. In our model of cultural traditions (Model

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