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Temperature modulates the response of the thermophilous sea urchin *Arbacia lixula* early life stages to CO₂-driven acidification

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1	Temperature modulates the response of the thermophilous sea urchin Arbacia lixula early life
2	stages to CO ₂ -driven acidification
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15	
16	Abstract
17	The increasing abundances of the thermophilous black sea urchin Arbacia lixula in the
18	Mediterranean Sea are attributed to the Western Mediterranean warming. However, few data
19	are available on the potential impact of this warming on A. lixula in combination with other global
20	stressors such as ocean acidification. The aim of this study is to investigate the interactive effects of

22 was tested using a fully crossed design with four temperatures (20, 24, 26 and 27°C) and two pH

21

increased temperature and of decreased pH on fertilization and early development of A. lixula. This

23 levels (pH_{NBS} 8.2 and 7.9). Temperature and pH had no significant effect on fertilization and larval

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