

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

## Journal of Algebra





# Associated primes of local cohomology of flat extensions with regular fibers and $\Sigma$ -finite D-modules

#### Luis Núñez-Betancourt

Department of Mathematics, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, VA 22904-4137, USA

#### ARTICLE INFO

Article history: Received 13 May 2013 Available online 12 November 2013 Communicated by Luchezar L. Avramov

MSC: 13D45 13N10

Keywords: Local cohomology Associated primes D-modules

#### ABSTRACT

In this manuscript, we study the following question raised by Mel Hochster: Let (R,m,K) be a local ring and S be a flat extension with regular closed fiber. Is  $\mathcal{V}(mS)\cap \operatorname{Ass}_S H_I^i(S)$  finite for every ideal  $I\subset S$  and  $i\in\mathbb{N}$ ? We prove that the answer is positive when S is either a polynomial or a power series ring over R and  $\dim(R/I\cap R)\leqslant 1$ . In addition, we analyze when this question can be reduced to the case where S is a power series ring over R. An important tool for our proof is the use of  $\Sigma$ -finite D-modules, which are not necessarily finitely generated as D-modules, but whose associated primes are finite. We give examples of this class of D-modules and applications to local cohomology.

© 2013 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.

#### 1. Introduction

Throughout this manuscript A,R and S will always denote commutative Noetherian rings with unit. If M is an S-module and  $I \subset S$  is an ideal, we denote the i-th local cohomology of M with support in I by  $H^i_I(M)$ . The structure of these modules has been widely studied by several authors [7,12,14-16,18,20-22]. Among the results obtained is that the set of associated primes of  $H^i_I(R)$  is finite for certain regular rings. Huneke and Sharp proved this for characteristic p>0 [8]. Lyubeznik showed this finiteness property for regular local rings of equal characteristic zero and finitely generated regular algebras over a field of characteristic zero [11]. Recently Bhatt, Blickle, Lyubeznik, Singh, and Zhang proved that the local cohomology modules of a smooth  $\mathbb{Z}$ -algebra have finitely many associated primes [1]. We point out that this property does not necessarily hold for rings that are not regular [10,24,25]. Motivated by these finiteness results, Mel Hochster raised the following related questions:

E-mail address: lcn8m@virginia.edu.

**Question 1.1.** Let (R, m, K) be a local ring and S be a flat extension with regular closed fiber. Is

$$\operatorname{Ass}_{S} H_{mS}^{0}(H_{I}^{i}(S)) = \mathcal{V}(mS) \cap \operatorname{Ass}_{S} H_{I}^{i}(S)$$

finite for every ideal  $I \subset S$  and  $i \in \mathbb{N}$ ?

**Question 1.2.** Let (R, m, K) be a local ring and S denote either  $R[x_1, \ldots, x_n]$  or  $R[[x_1, \ldots, x_n]]$ . Is

$$\operatorname{Ass}_{S} H_{mS}^{0}(H_{I}^{i}(S)) = \mathcal{V}(mS) \cap \operatorname{Ass}_{S} H_{I}^{i}(S)$$

finite for every ideal  $I \subset S$  and  $i \in \mathbb{N}$ ?

It is clear that Question 1.2 is a particular case of Question 1.1. In Proposition 6.2, we show that under minor additional hypotheses these questions are equivalent. Question 1.2 has a positive answer when R is a ring of dimension 0 or 1 of any characteristic [19]. In her thesis [23], Robbins answered Question 1.2 positively for certain algebras of dimension smaller than or equal to 3 in characteristic 0. In addition, several of her results can be obtained in characteristic p > 0, by working in the category C(S,R) (see the discussion after Remark 2.1).

A positive answer for Question 1.1 would help to prove the finiteness of the associated primes of local cohomology modules,  $H_I^i(R)$ , over certain regular local rings of mixed characteristic, R. For example for

$$\frac{V[[x, y, z_1, \dots, z_n]]}{(\pi - xy)V[[x, y, z_1, \dots, z_n]]} = \left(\frac{V[[x, y]]}{(\pi - xy)V[[x, y]]}\right)[[z_1, \dots, z_n]],$$

where  $(V, \pi V, K)$  is a complete DVR of mixed characteristic. This is, to the best of our knowledge, the simplest example of a regular local ring of ramified mixed characteristic in which the finiteness of Ass<sub>R</sub>  $H_I^i(R)$  is unknown.

In this manuscript, we give a partial positive answer for Question 1.1 and 1.2. Namely:

**Theorem 1.3.** Let (R, m, K) be any local ring. Let S be either  $R[x_1, \ldots, x_n]$  or  $R[[x_1, \ldots, x_n]]$ . Then, Ass<sub>S</sub>  $H_{mS}^0 H_I^i(S)$  is finite for every ideal  $I \subset S$  such that  $\dim R/I \cap R \leq 1$  and every  $i \in \mathbb{N}$ . Moreover, if  $mS \subset \sqrt{I}$ .

$$\operatorname{Ass}_{S} H_{I_{1}}^{j_{1}} \cdots H_{I_{\ell}}^{j_{\ell}} H_{I}^{i}(S)$$

is finite for all ideals  $J_1, \ldots, J_\ell \subset S$  and integers  $j_1, \ldots, j_\ell \in \mathbb{N}$ .

**Theorem 1.4.** Let  $(R, m, K) \to (S, \eta, L)$  be a flat extension of local rings with regular closed fiber such that R contains a field. Let  $I \subset S$  be an ideal such that dim  $R/I \cap R \leq 1$ . Suppose that the morphism induced in the completions  $\widehat{R} \to \widehat{S}$  maps a coefficient field of R into a coefficient field of R.

$$\operatorname{Ass}_S H_m^0 H_I^i(S)$$

is finite for every  $i \in \mathbb{N}$ .

In Theorem 1.4, the hypothesis that  $\widehat{\varphi}$  maps a coefficient field of  $\widehat{R}$  to a coefficient field of  $\widehat{S}$  is not very restrictive. For instance, it is satisfied when L is a separable extension of K (see Remark 6.3). In particular, this holds when K is a field of characteristic 0 or a perfect field of characteristic p > 0.

A key part of the proof of Theorem 1.3 is the use of  $\Sigma$ -finite D-modules, which are directed unions of finite length D-modules that satisfy certain conditions (see Definition 3.3). One of the main properties that a  $\Sigma$ -finite D-module satisfies is that its set of associated primes is finite. In addition,

### Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6414740

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6414740

Daneshyari.com