## Accepted Manuscript

Trace Element and Isotopic Geochemistry of Cretaceous Magmatism in NE Asia: Spatial Zonation, Temporal Evolution, and Tectonic Controls

Petr L. Tikhomirov, Elena A. Kalinina, Takuya Moriguti, Akio Makishima, Katsura Kobayashi, Eizo Nakamura

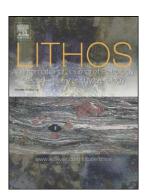
PII: S0024-4937(16)30225-0

DOI: doi: 10.1016/j.lithos.2016.08.009

Reference: LITHOS 4028

To appear in: LITHOS

Received date: 17 May 2016 Accepted date: 5 August 2016



Please cite this article as: Tikhomirov, Petr L., Kalinina, Elena A., Moriguti, Takuya, Makishima, Akio, Kobayashi, Katsura, Nakamura, Eizo, Trace Element and Isotopic Geochemistry of Cretaceous Magmatism in NE Asia: Spatial Zonation, Temporal Evolution, and Tectonic Controls, *LITHOS* (2016), doi: 10.1016/j.lithos.2016.08.009

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Trace Element and Isotopic Geochemistry of Cretaceous Magmatism in NE Asia: Spatial Zonation, Temporal Evolution, and Tectonic Controls

Petr L. Tikhomirov<sup>a, b\*</sup>, Elena A. Kalinina<sup>a</sup>, Takuya Moriguti<sup>a</sup>, Akio Makishima<sup>a</sup>, Katsura Kobayashi<sup>a</sup>, and Eizo Nakamura<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Institute for Planetary Materials (before 2016 known as Institute for Study of the Earth's Interior), Okayama University at Misasa, Yamada 827, Misasa, Tottori 682-0193, Japan; <sup>b</sup>Geologic Faculty of Moscow State University, Leninskie gory, 119992 Moscow, Russia <sup>\*</sup> Corresponding author. Telephone: (7) 495-3351202. Email: petr\_tikhomirov@mail.ru

## **ABSTRACT**

Results of a comprehensive geochemical study (major and trace elements, and isotopes of Sr, Nd, Pb, Hf) of Cretaceous volcanic rocks from the Chukotka area in northeastern Russia are presented. Synthesis of available geological and geochronological data suggests diachronous onset of activity of the Okhotsk-Chukotka volcanic belt (OCVB), the largest magmatic province in the region. The OCVB consists of ca. 10<sup>6</sup> km<sup>3</sup> of volcanic rocks. At 106–105 Ma, subduction-related magmatism initiated in the southern and central segments of the OCVB. In the Central and Northern Chukotka areas, where the northern OCVB is exposed, onset of arc magmatism occurred ca. 10 m.y. after extension-related magmatism of the Chaun igneous province at 109-104 Ma. Mafic rocks from the OCVB yield (<sup>87</sup>Sr/<sup>86</sup>Sr)<sup>80 Ma</sup> of 0.7033 to 0.7047, εNd<sup>80 Ma</sup> of 0.0 to 7.10, εHf<sup>80 Ma</sup> of 4.12 to 12.88, (<sup>206</sup>Pb/<sup>204</sup>Pb)<sup>80 Ma</sup> of 18.11 to 18.42, and (<sup>208</sup>Pb/<sup>204</sup>Pb)<sup>80 Ma</sup> of 37.96 to 38.21. Volcanic rocks from the Chaun province, as well as OCVB rocks from Northern Chukotka, originate from a relatively enriched source and have (<sup>87</sup>Sr/<sup>86</sup>Sr)<sup>80 Ma</sup> of 0.7088 to 0.7100, εNd<sup>80 Ma</sup> of -5.81 to -3.42, εHf<sup>80 Ma</sup> of -3.40 to -0.25,

## Download English Version:

## https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6440286

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6440286

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>