Accepted Manuscript

Optical molecular imaging for tumor detection and image-guided surgery

Chensu Wang, Zhaohui Wang, Tian Zhao, Yang Li, Gang Huang, Baran D. Sumer, Jinming Gao

PII: S0142-9612(17)30780-9

DOI: 10.1016/j.biomaterials.2017.12.002

Reference: JBMT 18389

To appear in: Biomaterials

Received Date: 25 July 2017

Revised Date: 30 November 2017

Accepted Date: 02 December 2017

Please cite this article as: Chensu Wang, Zhaohui Wang, Tian Zhao, Yang Li, Gang Huang, Baran D. Sumer, Jinming Gao, Optical molecular imaging for tumor detection and image-guided surgery, *Biomaterials* (2017), doi: 10.1016/j.biomaterials.2017.12.002

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Optical molecular imaging for tumor detection and imageguided surgery

Chensu Wang^{a, b}, Zhaohui Wang^a, Tian Zhao^a, Yang Li^a, Gang Huang^a, Baran D. Sumer^{c,*}, Jinming Gao^{a,c,*}

^aDepartment of Pharmacology, Simmons Comprehensive Cancer Center, University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center, 5323 Harry Hines Blvd., Dallas, Texas 75390, USA

^bDepartment of Cell Biology, University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center, 5323 Harry Hines Blvd., Dallas, Texas 75390, USA

^cDepartment of Otolaryngology, University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center, 5323 Harry Hines Blvd., Dallas, Texas 75390, USA

Correspondence should be addressed to B.D.S (<u>baran.sumer@utsouthwestern.edu</u>) or J.G. (<u>jinming.gao@utsouthwestern.edu</u>)

ABSTRACT

We have witnessed rapid development of fluorescence molecular imaging of solid tumors for cancer diagnosis and image-guided surgery in the past decade. Many biomarkers unique to cancer cells or tumor microenvironment, such as cell surface receptors, hypoxia, secreted proteases and extracellular acidosis have been characterized, and can be used to distinguish cancer from normal tissue. A variety of optical imaging probes have been developed to target these biomarkers to improve tumor contrast over the background tissue. Unlike conventional anatomical and molecular imaging technologies, fluorescent imaging method benefits from its safety, high-spatial resolution and real-time capability, and therefore, has become a highly adoptable imaging method for tumor detection and image-guided surgery in clinics. In this review, we summarize recent progress in 'always-ON' and stimuli-activatable fluorescent imaging probes, and discuss their potentials in tumor detection and image-guided surgery.

KEYWORDS: cancer molecular imaging, stimuli-responsive nanomaterials, tumor microenvironment, cancer diagnosis, image-guided surgery

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6484703

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6484703

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>