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Relationship between microbial community, operational factors and ammonia inhibition resilience in anaerobic digesters at low and moderate ammonia background concentrations

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HIGHLIGHTS

- Ammonia inhibition resilience was studied for 13 inocula from distinct digesters
- Digesters substrate and temperature influenced microbial community composition
- Ammonia inhibition KI₅₀ varied moderately among the inocula 32-175 mgNH₃-N·L⁻¹
- No microbial or operational factors correlated with ammonia inhibition resilience
- Methanogenic activity was significantly correlated with archaeal relative abundance

ABSTRACT

The relationship between anaerobic digestion operational conditions and (i) microbial community, (ii) acetoclastic methanogenic activity and (iii) free ammonia (NH₃) inhibition resilience was investigated. Thirteen inocula were obtained from full and pilot scale digesters

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