Accepted Manuscript

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PII:	S0926-860X(15)30077-6
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.1016/j.apcata.2015.07.025
Reference:	APCATA 15475
To appear in:	Applied Catalysis A: General
Received date:	21-4-2015
Revised date:	12-7-2015
Accepted date:	19-7-2015

Please cite this article as: Marijana Kovacevic, Shilpa Agarwal, Barbara L.Mojet, Jan G.van Ommen, Leon Lefferts, The effects of morphology of cerium oxide catalysts for dehydrogenation of ethylbenzene to styrene, Applied Catalysis A, General http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apcata.2015.07.025

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

The effects of morphology of cerium oxide catalysts for dehydrogenation of ethylbenzene to styrene

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Graphical abstract

Highlights

 $1.CeO_2$ cubes are more active than rods and particles for the dehydrogenation of Ethyl benzene to styrene.

2. In the presence of CO_2 there is a two-step pathway operating, dehydrogenation followed by reversed water gas shift (RWGS).

3.Removal of active O species by Ethylbenzene induced ceria lattice distortion as revealed by Raman.

4. The degree of ceria lattice distortion corresponds to the amount of O extracted.

Abstract

Ethylbenzene (EB) dehydrogenation in presence and absence of CO2 was

investigated over CeO₂ catalysts of distinct morphologies: cubes, rods and particles.

The presence of CO₂ resulted in prolonged catalyst activity and higher initial benzene

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