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Author: Facundo José Oddi Luciana Ghermandi



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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

1	Dendroecological potential of shrubs for reconstructing fire history at landscape
2	scale in Mediterranean-type climate grasslands: the case of Fabiana imbricata
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4	Facundo José Oddi ^a , Luciana Ghermandi ^a
5	^a Laboratorio Ecotono, Universidad Nacional del Comahue - Consejo Nacional de
6	Investigaciones Científicas y Tecnológicas, Instituto de Investigaciones en
7	Biodiversidad y Medioambiente. Quintral 1250, 8400 Bariloche, Argentina
8	
9	Corresponding author: Tel.: +54 294 442505; fax: +54 294 4422111
10	E-mail addresses: <u>foddi@comahue-conicet.gob.ar</u> , <u>facundo_oddi@hotmail.com</u>
11	(F.J. Oddi)
12	
13	Keywords: Shrubland age structure - Fire occurrence - Dendroecology
14	
15	ABSTRACT
16	Fire recurrently affects Mediterranean-type climate (MTC) regions causing major
17	implications on the structure and dynamics of vegetation. In these regions, it is
18	important to know the fire regime for which reliable fire records are needed.
19	Dendroecology offers the possibility of obtaining fire occurrence data from woody
20	species and has been widely used in forest ecosystems for fire research. Grasslands are
21	regions with no trees where shrubs can provide dendroecological evidence for
22	reconstructing fire history at landscape scale. We studied the dendroecological potential
23	of the shrub F. imbricata to reconstruct fire history at landscape scale in MTC
24	grasslands of northwestern Patagonia. In order to accomplish this, we combined spatio-
25	temporal information of recorded fires from the study area with the age structure of F.

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