Accepted Manuscript

Title: Probability Intervals of Speed Estimations from Video

Images: The Markov Chain Monte Carlo Approach

Authors: Arjan Mieremet, Ivo Alberink, Bart Hoogeboom,

Derk Vrijdag

PII: S0379-0738(18)30158-0

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.forsciint.2018.04.003

Reference: FSI 9242

To appear in: FSI

Received date: 22-12-2017 Revised date: 26-3-2018 Accepted date: 3-4-2018

Please cite this article as: Arjan Mieremet, Ivo Alberink, Bart Hoogeboom, Derk Vrijdag, Probability Intervals of Speed Estimations from Video Images: The Markov Chain Monte Carlo Approach, Forensic Science International https://doi.org/10.1016/j.forsciint.2018.04.003

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



FIRST AUTHOR (corresponding author):

Dr. Arjan Mieremet Netherlands Forensic Institute Laan van Ypenburg 6 2497 GB The Hague arjan@holmes.nl

SECOND AUTHOR

Dr. Ivo Alberink Netherlands Forensic Institute Laan van Ypenburg 6 2497 GB The Hague

THIRD AUTHOR

Bart Hoogeboom MSc. Netherlands Forensic Institute Laan van Ypenburg 6 2497 GB The Hague

FOURTH AUTHOR

Derk Vrijdag, BSc Netherlands Forensic Institute Laan van Ypenburg 6 2497 GB The Hague

Highlights

- Calculation of probability intervals for speed estimation from video
- Markov Chain Monte Carlo approach explained
- Showing the numerical results of several cases

Abstract: Closed Circuit TV (CCTV) systems often record vehicle motion prior to incidents. From the footage an estimate of the average speed of the vehicle between two frames can be calculated. In a forensic investigation not only an estimate of the average speed is needed but also an estimation of the measurement error. In earlier papers an approach was explained how to estimate the average speed and the corresponding uncertainty in terms of a confidence interval. In practice confidence intervals are often wrongly interpreted as being probability intervals. In this paper we show how to use the Markov Chain Monte Carlo approach to derive probability intervals instead of confidence intervals. We show the robustness of the Markov Chain Monte Carlo approach and the numerical differences between both approaches. In casework the difference between confidence intervals and probability intervals turns out to be very limited. As a consequence the impact of confusion between confidence and probability intervals can also be expected to be limited.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6550912

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6550912

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>