

Accepted Manuscript

Pressure-swing-adsorption of gaseous mixture in isotropic porous medium:
Transient 3D modeling and validation

R. Gautier, T. Dbouk, M.A. Campesi, L. Hamon, J.-L. Harion, P. Pré

PII: S1385-8947(17)30905-1
DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.cej.2017.05.145>
Reference: CEJ 17044

To appear in: *Chemical Engineering Journal*

Received Date: 13 February 2017
Accepted Date: 23 May 2017

Please cite this article as: R. Gautier, T. Dbouk, M.A. Campesi, L. Hamon, J.-L. Harion, P. Pré, Pressure-swing-adsorption of gaseous mixture in isotropic porous medium: Transient 3D modeling and validation, *Chemical Engineering Journal* (2017), doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.cej.2017.05.145>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



Pressure-swing-adsorption of gaseous mixture in isotropic porous medium: Transient 3D modeling and validation

R. Gautier^{a,b}, T. Dbouk^{*,a,b}, M.A. Campesi^{c,d}, L. Hamon^{c,d}, J.-L. Harion^{a,b}
and P. Pré^{c,d}

^aIMT Lille Douai, Industrial Engineering Department, F-59508 Douai, France.

^bUniversité de Lille, F-59000 Lille, France.

^cIMT Atlantique, Energy Systems and Environment Department, F-44000 Nantes, France.

^dGEPEA, UMR CNRS 6144, Université de Nantes, F-44000 Nantes, France.

Abstract

A 3D Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) model is developed, applied and validated for a 4-steps PSA cycle operating for CO_2/CH_4 separation by using Carbon Molecular Sieves (CMS). The computational results are addressed and found to be in good agreement with experimental data. The Linear Driving Force (LDF) model is employed in the present 3D CFD approach to compute the adsorption/desorption rates in the packed bed. The physical parameters which are crucial for better predicting the behavior of a PSA cycle at different operating conditions are identified. The present developed 3D CFD model of PSA processes will serve as a powerful optimization tool in CFD to enhance and create future optimal designs of gas separation systems operating simultaneously in both temperature and pressure swing.

Keywords: adsorption modeling, gas separation process, PSA cycle, isotropic porous media, heat and mass transfer in porous material

*Corresponding author

Email address: talib.dbouk@imt-lille-douai.fr (T. Dbouk^{*,a,b})

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6579023>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/6579023>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)