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Remediation of soils polluted with 2,4-D by electrokinetic soil flushing with facing rows of electrodes: A case study in a pilot plant

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Remediation of soils polluted with 2,4-D by electrokinetic soil flushing with facing 1 rows of electrodes: A case study in a pilot plant 2 C. Risco^a, R. López-Vizcaíno^a, C. Sáez^c*, A. Yustres^b, P. Cañizares^c, V. Navarro^b, M.A. 3 4 Rodrigo^c 5 ^aDepartment of Chemical Engineering, Institute of Chemical & Environmental 6 Technologies, University of Castilla-La Mancha, Campus Universitario s/n, 13071 7 Ciudad Real, Spain 8 ^b Geoenvironmental Group, Civil Engineering School, University of Castilla-La 9 Mancha, Avda. Camilo José Cela s/n, 13071 Ciudad Real, Spain 10 ^cDepartment of Chemical Engineering, Faculty of Chemical Sciences&Technologies, 11 University of Castilla-La Mancha, Campus Universitario s/n, 13071 Ciudad Real, Spain 12 13 14 Abstract This study focuses on evaluating the application of electrokinetic soil flushing (EKSF) 15 technologies to remediate soil polluted with 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D). 16

This compound was selected as an example of polar herbicides that may cause soil 17 percolation and groundwater contamination due to its high water solubility, lifetime and 18 mobility. To evaluate this technology, a 40-day test was conducted on a bench-scale set-19 up (175 dm^3 of capacity) that was fully automated and operating under potentiostatic 20 mode (1 V cm⁻¹). The electrical current, temperature, pH, humidity and pollutant 21 22 concentration in the electrolyte wells were monitored daily, and at the end of the tests, a post-analysis characterization of the soil section was performed to obtain 3-D plots of 23 24 the changes in each parameter. Simultaneously, a blank test was carried out (without 25 applying an electric field) to determine spreading of the pollutant in the soil that did not 26 experience an electric field. The results indicate that the 2,4-D is transported to the 27 anode wells by electromigration (the primary species is an anion under the treatment pH) and the cathode wells by electroosmotic drag, even though a lower concentration is 28 29 obtained because a large volume of water is mobilized. After 40 days of the EKSF Download English Version:

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