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Uranium extraction using magnetic nano-based particles of diethylenetriaminefunctionalized chitosan: Equilibrium and kinetic studies

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functionalized chitosan: Equilibrium and kinetic studies

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11 Abstract

Magnetic nano-based particles of diethylenetriamine-functionalized chitosan have been 12 synthesized before being characterized by elemental analysis, FT-IR spectroscopy, XRD, AFM, 13 14 TEM and VSM analysis. Uranium adsorption (from synthetic solutions) has been investigated in 15 batch systems. The effects of different experimental parameters such as initial solution pH 16 (controlled with sulfuric acid), equilibration time, initial uranium concentration and temperature 17 on sorption performance have been determined. The nano-based particles, with size in the range 18 10-30 nm, are super-paramagnetic. The kinetic data can be efficiently modelled using the pseudo-19 second-order equation. The Langmuir and the Dubinin-Radushkevich (D-R) equations fit well 20 sorption isotherms. The value of activation energy ($E_{DR} = 8.39$ kJ/mol) indicates that the process 21 is associated to chemical interactions (rather than pure physical sorption). In addition the values of thermodynamic parameters (ΔG° and ΔH°) show that the process is spontaneous and 22 exothermic. The positive value of ΔS° means that the randomness of the system increased with 23 24 sorption. Finally, the adsorbent can be efficiently regenerated and recycled for at least 5 cycles 25 using acidified urea as the eluent.

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Keywords: Adsorption; uranium(VI); magnetic amine-functionalized chitosan nano-based
particles; kinetics; isotherms.

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