Accepted Manuscript

Removal of heavy metal ions with the use of chelating polymers obtained by grafting pyridine-pyrazole ligands onto polymethylhydrosiloxane

Michał Cegłowski, Grzegorz Schroeder

PII: S1385-8947(14)01112-7

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.cej.2014.08.058

Reference: CEJ 12565

To appear in: Chemical Engineering Journal

Received Date: 1 July 2014
Revised Date: 13 August 2014
Accepted Date: 14 August 2014



Please cite this article as: M. Cegłowski, G. Schroeder, Removal of heavy metal ions with the use of chelating polymers obtained by grafting pyridine-pyrazole ligands onto polymethylhydrosiloxane, *Chemical Engineering Journal* (2014), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.cej.2014.08.058

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Removal of heavy metal ions with the use of chelating polymers obtained by grafting pyridine-pyrazole ligands onto polymethylhydrosiloxane

Michał Cegłowski^a and Grzegorz Schroeder^a

^aFaculty of Chemistry, Adam Mickiewicz University in Poznan, Umultowska 89b, 61-614 Poznań, Poland.

Corresponding author: Michał Cegłowski, e-mail: ceglowski.m@gmail.com, phone: +48618291565

Abstract

New chelating polymers soluble in organic non-polar solvents were synthesized by hydrosilylation reaction of polymethylhydrosiloxane with pyridine-pyrazole ligands. Two types of linkers were used to graft pyridine-pyrazole ligands onto polymethylhydrosiloxane. The composition and properties of the polymers obtained were studied by NMR spectroscopy, Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy, elemental analysis, thermogravimetric analysis and derivative scanning calorimetry. The effects of various parameters such as initial metal ion concentration, contact time, temperature and pH were examined in the processes of extraction of Cu²⁺, Cd²⁺, Cr³⁺, Ni²⁺ and Co²⁺. The equilibrium data were best represented by Langmuir isotherm and the uptake capacities of polymers obtained varied between 0.24 mmol (for Co²⁺) and 1.48 mmol (for Cu²⁺) per 1 g of polymer. The adsorption kinetics was found to follow the pseudo-second-order kinetic model. The polymers adsorption capacity was more than 90% level after five cycles of adsorption-desorption. Treatment of real wastewater samples showed good ability of the polymers to absorb metal ions.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6586095

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6586095

Daneshyari.com