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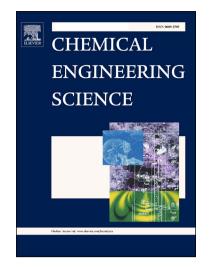
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Three-dimensional simulation of droplet dynamics in planar contraction

microchannel

Van Thanh Hoang^{a,b}, Jiseok Lim^{a,#}, Chan Byon^c, Jang Min Park^{a,*}

^aSchool of Mechanical Engineering, Yeungnam University, Dahak-ro 280, Gyeongsan 38541,

Republic of Korea

^bDepartment of Mechanical Engineering, The University of Danang - University of Science and

Technology, 54, Nguyen Luong Bang Street, Danang, Vietnam

^cSchool of Mechanical, Aerospace and Nuclear Engineering, Ulsan National Institute of Science and

Technology, UNIST-gil 50, Ulsan 44919, Republic of Korea

Abstract

In droplet-based microfluidic systems, microchannel design plays a primary role in

transport and manipulation of liquid droplets. The objective of this paper is to investigate

dynamics of a droplet in planar contraction microchannel via three-dimensional numerical

simulation and theoretical analysis. In particular, this study characterizes three regimes of

the droplet dynamics, namely, trap, squeeze and breakup, depending on capillary number

(Ca) and contraction ratio (C). In addition, theoretical models have been proposed to

describe transitions from one to another regime as a function of Ca and C. For the transition

from trap to squeeze, the critical capillary number (Ca_{Ic}) was found to follow Ca_{Ic} = $a(C^{M}$ -

1), whereas the critical capillary number (Ca_{IIc}) of transition from squeeze to breakup

corresponds to $Ca_{IIc} = c_1C^{-1}$. Furthermore, details of the droplet dynamics along

Corresponding author,

E-mail address: jpark@yu.ac.kr (J. M. Park);

[#] Co-corresponding author,

E-mail address: jlim@yu.ac.kr (J. Lim)

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