### Accepted Manuscript

Quantifying growth and breakage of agglomerates in fluid-particle flow using discrete particle method

Lingfeng Zhou, Junwu Wang, Wei Ge

PII:	S1004-9541(17)30522-0
DOI:	doi:10.1016/j.cjche.2017.05.018
Reference:	CJCHE 860

Chinese Journal of CHEMICAL ENGINEERING CHEMICAL PIGINEERING CARCY THE CONTRACT CARCY THE CONTRACT CARCY THE CONTRACT CO

To appear in:

Received date:28 April 2017Revised date:23 May 2017Accepted date:26 May 2017

Please cite this article as: Lingfeng Zhou, Junwu Wang, Wei Ge, Quantifying growth and breakage of agglomerates in fluid-particle flow using discrete particle method, (2017), doi:10.1016/j.cjche.2017.05.018

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

#### **Fluid Dynamics and Transport Phenomena**

Quantifying growth and breakage of agglomerates in fluid-particle flow

using discrete particle method

Lingfeng Zhou<sup>1,2</sup>, Junwu Wang<sup>1\*</sup>, Wei Ge<sup>1,2</sup>

1 State Key Laboratory of Multiphase Complex Systems, Institute of Process Engineering, Chinese Academy of Sciences, P. O. Box 353, Beijing 100190, China

2 University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China

\*Corresponding author: Tel: +86-10-82544842; Fax: +86-10-62558065;

E-mails: jwwang@ipe.ac.cn

#### Abstract

The cohesive solids in liquid flows are featured by the dynamic growth and breakage of agglomerates, and the difficulties in the development, design and optimization of these systems are related to this significant feature. In this paper, discrete particle method is used to simulate a solid-liquid flow system including millions of cohesive particles, the growth rate and breakage rate of agglomerates are then systematically investigated. It was found that the most probable size of the agglomerates is determined by the balance of growth and breakage rate as a function the particle numbers in an agglomerate marks the most stable agglomerate size. The finding here provides a feasible way to quantify the dynamic behaviors of Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6592850

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6592850

Daneshyari.com