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Variation of toxic pollutants emission during a feeding cycle from an

updraft fixed bed gasifier for disposing rural solid waste*

Ming Lei¹, Jing Hai², Jiang Cheng¹, Jiawei Lu², Jieru Zhang², Tao You²

1. School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, South China University of Technology, Guangzhou, China

2. South China Institute of Environmental Sciences, Ministry of Environmental Protection (MEP), Guangzhou,

China

Abstract: The variation of toxic pollutants emission during a feeding cycle was examined by

field monitoring from a batch feeding updraft fixed bed gasifier for disposing rural domestic solid

waste. Results showed that the content of oxygen in flue gas gradually increased, while SO₂ and

HCl in flue gas decreased with time after feeding in a whole feeding cycle. Although large

amount of CO was produced during the gasifying, low CO content in flue gas could be obtained

after the heat treatment with an electric heating device. The distribution characteristics of dioxin

congeners in flue gas indicted the re-synthesis of dioxins after flue gas heating, and the increase of

oxygen promoted the synthesis of dioxins. The emission content of dioxins could meet the

standard (0.1 ng I-TEQ·m⁻³, GB18458-2014) of China when the oxygen content was controlled

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Corresponding author.

E-mail: haijingzg@163.com (J. Hai), cejcheng@scut.edu.cn (J. Cheng)

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