Data in Brief ■ (■■■) ■■■-■■■



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Data in Brief





Data Article

Hysteresis data of planar perovskite solar cells by influence of solvent

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ARTICLE INFO

Article history: Received 8 November 2017 Accepted 17 November 2017

ABSTRACT

In this data article, we introduced the hysteresis of planar perovskite solar cells (PSCs) fabricated using dimethylformamide (DMF), gamma-butyrolactone (GBL), methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (NMP), dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO), DMF-DMSO, GBL-DMSO and NMP-DMSO as a perovskite precursor solutions according to different scan directions, sweep times, and current stability. The planar PSCs prepared with a glass-ITO substrate/NiO_X/perovskite films/PC₆₁BM/BCP/Ag and the hysteresis analysis were measured with Keithley 2400 source meter unit under 100 mW/cm² (AM 1.5 G). The data collected in this article compares the hysteresis of PSCs with different solvents and is directly related to our research article "High-Performance Planar Perovskite Solar Cells: Influence of Solvent upon Performance" (You-Hyun Seo et al., 2017 [1]).

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DOI of original article: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apmt.2017.11.003

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2017.11.064

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Y.-H. Seo et al. / Data in Brief ■ (■■■) ■■■-■■■

Specifications Table

Subject area	Electrical Engineering
More specific subject area	Perovskite Solar Cells
Type of data	Figure
How data was acquired	Keithley 2400 source meter unit under 100 mW/cm² (AM 1.5 G)
Data format	Analyzed
Experimental factors	Current density-voltage (J-V) scans: Different sweep directions, different scan time, current stability
Experimental	Forward and reverse bias range: 1.5 V to -0.2 V and -0.2 V to 1.5 V
features	Dwell time range: 0–500 ms
	Current stability: The 301 scan points were recorded during ~ 80 s scan times at each maximum-voltage.
Data source location	Chonbuk National University, Jeonju-si, Jeollabuk-do, 561–756, Republic of Korea
Data accessibility	Data is with this article.

Value of the data

- The data article presents the variations of hysteresis curves in PSCs with DMF, GBL, NMP, DMSO, DMF-DMSO, GBL-DMSO, and NMP-DMSO.
- Different sweep directions, different scan time, and current stability characteristics of PSCs with different solvents would be useful for insight of hysteresis behavior.
- These data can provide better understanding for research into the influence of solvent in planar PSCs.

1. Data

We investigated the hysteresis of PSCs fabricated using different solvents according to different scan directions, sweep times, and current stability [2,3], as shown in Figs. 1–3. Previous reports suggested that such hysteresis could be induced by the ion migration, ferroelectricity, charge trapping or detraining, and so on [2,4]. From the hysteresis plot, it can be confirmed that the hysteresis was observed in most of the devices, while no distinct hysteresis curves were obtained and highest current flows were showed in the DMF-DMSO based-PSCs, thus also indicating that the DMF-DMSO can be a more desirable solvent for preparing better planar-based perovskite solar cells.

2. Experimental design, materials and methods

Seven different perovskite films were prepared for planar PSCs [1]. For the hysteresis analyses, each J-V curve was recorded under 100 mW/cm² illumination at AM (air mass) 1.5 G condition with a Keithley 2400 instrument calibrated with a Si solar cell (SRC 1000 TC KG5 N, VLSI Standards, Inc). For accurate comparisons, the collected J-V curve was chosen as close to statistical analysis of each PSC [1]. These hysteresis data may provide useful information for the influence of solvent in planar PSCs.

Please cite this article as: Y.-H. Seo, et al., Hysteresis data of planar perovskite solar cells by influence of solvent, Data in Brief (2017), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2017.11.064

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