



ELSEVIER

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Data in Brief

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/dib

Data Article

Q1 Elevated fluoride concentration levels in rural villages of Siddipet, Telangana State, South India

Adimalla Narsimha

Department of Applied Geochemistry, University College of Science, Osmania University, Hyderabad 500007, India

ARTICLE INFO

Article history:

Received 25 September 2017

Accepted 29 November 2017

Q3 Keywords:

Groundwater quality
Fluoride contamination
Siddipet region
Telangana State

ABSTRACT

Fluoride beyond desirable amounts (0.6–1.5 mg/L) in groundwater is a major problem and fluorosis is a very dangerous and deadly disease affecting millions of people across the World (Bell and Ludwig, 1970; Adimalla and Venkatayogi, 2017; Narsimha and Sudarshan, 2013, 2017a, 2017b) [1–5]. The investigated area is located in north-eastern part of Medak district, Telangana state and fluoride concentration in groundwater samples was measured by ion selective electrode method and its ranges from 0.4 to 2.2 mg/L with a mean value of 1.1 mg/L. Therefore, fluoride concentration data advised to the village people are consume drinking water which has less than 1.5 mg/L fluoride to avoid further fluorosis risks.

© 2017 Published by Elsevier Inc. This is an open access article under the CC BY license (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).

Specifications Table

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Subject area | Earth Science |
| More specific subject area | Hydro-geochemistry |
| Type of data | Table and figure |
| How data was acquired | Thermo Scientific Orion Star A214 Benchtop pH/ISE meter |
| Data format | Analyzed |

E-mail address: adimallanarsimha@gmail.com

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2017.11.088>

2352-3409/© 2017 Published by Elsevier Inc. This is an open access article under the CC BY license (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).

Please cite this article as: A. Narsimha, Elevated fluoride concentration levels in rural villages of Siddipet, Telangana State, South India, Data in Brief (2017), <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2017.11.088>

| | | |
|----|-----------------------|--|
| 55 | Experimental factors | Samples were collected in 1.0 l polyethylene bottles previously thoroughly cleansed with deionized water and subsequently with sampled groundwater before filling. |
| 56 | | |
| 57 | | |
| 58 | Experimental features | Determine the content levels of fluoride |
| 59 | | |
| 60 | Data source location | Location: Siddipet, Region: Medak, State: Telangana, India GPS: E longitude |
| 61 | | 78.76942–78.90232 and N latitude 18.06768–18.24402 |
| 62 | Data accessibility | Data is with this article |

Value of the data

- Elevated fluoride concentration (> 1.5 mg/L) groundwater does not suitable for drinking purposes and if continuous ingest this water for a long period of time will surly effects on health especially, in children's and pregnant women.
- In the rural village people depends only on groundwater for drinking and house hold applications. Hence, finding of this study suggests to the residents that to drink water below maximum permissible limit (< 1.5 mg/L), to avoid further fluorosis problem in the villages.
- This data will surly helpful to scientific community those who work on this field of water quality, water pollution and also it is very informative for local NGO's and health policy makers to educate the rural people and protect from this deadly disease of fluorosis.

Table 1

Descriptive statistics for F^- and other physicochemical parameters in the Siddipet area.

| Parameters | pH | EC | TDS | TH | HCO_3^- | Cl^- | SO_4^{2-} | NO_3^- | F^- | Ca^{2+} | Mg^{2+} | Na^+ | K^+ |
|------------|-------------------|---------|---------|--------|-----------|--------|-------------|----------|-------|-----------|-----------|--------|-------|
| Min | 6.8 ^a | 1070 | 684.8 | 65 | 24 | 25 | 25 | 9 | 0.4 | 10.02 | 6.075 | 31 | 1 |
| | 6.8 ^b | 1010 | 646.4 | 75 | 31 | 28 | 25 | 20 | 1 | 26.052 | 15.795 | 17 | 1 |
| | 6.9 ^c | 1040 | 665.6 | 60 | 31 | 57 | 21 | 22 | 1.5 | 14.028 | 8.505 | 23 | 1 |
| | 7.3 ^d | 1260 | 806.4 | 50 | 18 | 36 | 21 | 9 | 2 | 10.02 | 6.175 | 30 | 2 |
| Max | 8.4 ^a | 3740 | 2393.6 | 565 | 104 | 973 | 108 | 361 | 0.9 | 186.372 | 112.995 | 117 | 61 |
| | 8.6 ^b | 3850 | 2464 | 415 | 134 | 746 | 156 | 321 | 1.4 | 144.288 | 87.48 | 121 | 85 |
| | 8.3 ^c | 3170 | 2028.8 | 330 | 104 | 511 | 137 | 194 | 1.9 | 118.236 | 71.685 | 134 | 10 |
| | 8.9 ^d | 1870 | 1196.8 | 225 | 99 | 675 | 97 | 198 | 2.2 | 50.1 | 30.375 | 102 | 4 |
| Mean | 7.5 ^a | 2020.4 | 1293.06 | 218.08 | 59.62 | 254.64 | 63.84 | 123.6 | 0.706 | 61.48 | 37.28 | 65.96 | 7.96 |
| | 7.5 ^b | 1866.06 | 1194.28 | 213.76 | 68.94 | 220.21 | 69.94 | 104.35 | 1.20 | 54.78 | 33.21 | 65.45 | 6.85 |
| | 7.6 ^c | 1782.67 | 1140.91 | 179.67 | 63.93 | 188.20 | 63.67 | 88 | 1.66 | 50.77 | 30.78 | 60.93 | 4.20 |
| | 7.5 ^d | 1556.67 | 996.27 | 159.17 | 67.33 | 199.67 | 62.50 | 71.13 | 2.07 | 34.40 | 20.86 | 67.00 | 2.83 |
| Median | 7.4 ^a | 1860 | 1190.4 | 200 | 61 | 207.5 | 56 | 110 | 0.7 | 56.112 | 34.02 | 67 | 4 |
| | 7.4 ^b | 1830 | 1171.2 | 210 | 61 | 170 | 65 | 79.2 | 1.2 | 54.108 | 32.805 | 65 | 4 |
| | 7.4 ^c | 1700 | 1088 | 175 | 61 | 128 | 57 | 66 | 1.6 | 44.088 | 26.73 | 56 | 4 |
| | 7.6 ^d | 1565 | 1001.6 | 182.5 | 67 | 90.5 | 64.5 | 41.8 | 2.05 | 38.076 | 23.085 | 70.5 | 3 |
| Std Dev | 0.51 ^a | 711.94 | 455.64 | 101.29 | 17.32 | 186.75 | 24.43 | 85.20 | 0.14 | 34.14 | 20.70 | 22.01 | 12.46 |
| | 0.62 ^b | 580.73 | 371.67 | 69.96 | 20.38 | 147.35 | 33.29 | 55.48 | 0.12 | 23.82 | 14.44 | 29.80 | 2.57 |
| | 0.62 ^c | 580.73 | 371.67 | 69.96 | 20.38 | 147.35 | 33.29 | 55.48 | 0.12 | 23.82 | 14.44 | 29.80 | 2.57 |
| | 0.47 ^d | 215.93 | 138.20 | 64.92 | 28.84 | 249.22 | 27.35 | 75.57 | 0.08 | 14.42 | 8.74 | 31.24 | 0.75 |

EC is expressed as $\mu S/cm$, and all other parameters are expressed as mg/L.

^a Group – I.

^b Group – II.

^c Group – III.

^d Group – IV.

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6597320>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/6597320>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)