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Flexible supercapacitors based on a ternary composite

of polyaniline/polypyrrole/graphite on gold coated

sandpaper

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Abstract

Developing low-cost and efficient flexible supercapacitors is an important step towards the

production of new energy storage systems for efficient wearable electronic devices. In this

work, we report a simple and cost-effective approach to produce flexible electrodes for

supercapacitors. The system consists of a complex ternary structure of hierarchical polyaniline

(PAn) assembled on a polypyrrole (PPy) layer deposited on graphite pencil traces (Grt) in

sandpaper. The proposed ternary composite PAn-PPy-Grt-Sp assembled in a device offered a

maximal areal capacitance of 55.35 mF cm⁻² at 0.3 mA cm⁻², a higher value when compared to

its counterparts of PAn-Grt-Sp (31.8 mF cm⁻²) and PPy-Grt-Sp (19.75 mF cm⁻²). The ternary

composite also exhibited a higher energy (4.92 µWh cm⁻²) and power density (87.09 µW cm⁻²)

at a current density of 0.3 mA cm⁻² producing a more equilibrated supercapacitor device. The

response to mechanical efforts returned negligible variation in electrochemical properties while

cyclability remains as 80% of initial value after 3000 cycles.

Keywords: Supercapacitors, hierarchical structures, polyaniline, polypyrrole

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