

# Accepted Manuscript

Investigation of iron hexacyanoferrate as a high rate cathode for aqueous batteries:  
Sodium-ion batteries and lithium-ion batteries

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PII: S0013-4686(18)30485-7

DOI: [10.1016/j.electacta.2018.02.171](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.electacta.2018.02.171)

Reference: EA 31366

To appear in: *Electrochimica Acta*

Received Date: 14 October 2017

Revised Date: 12 February 2018

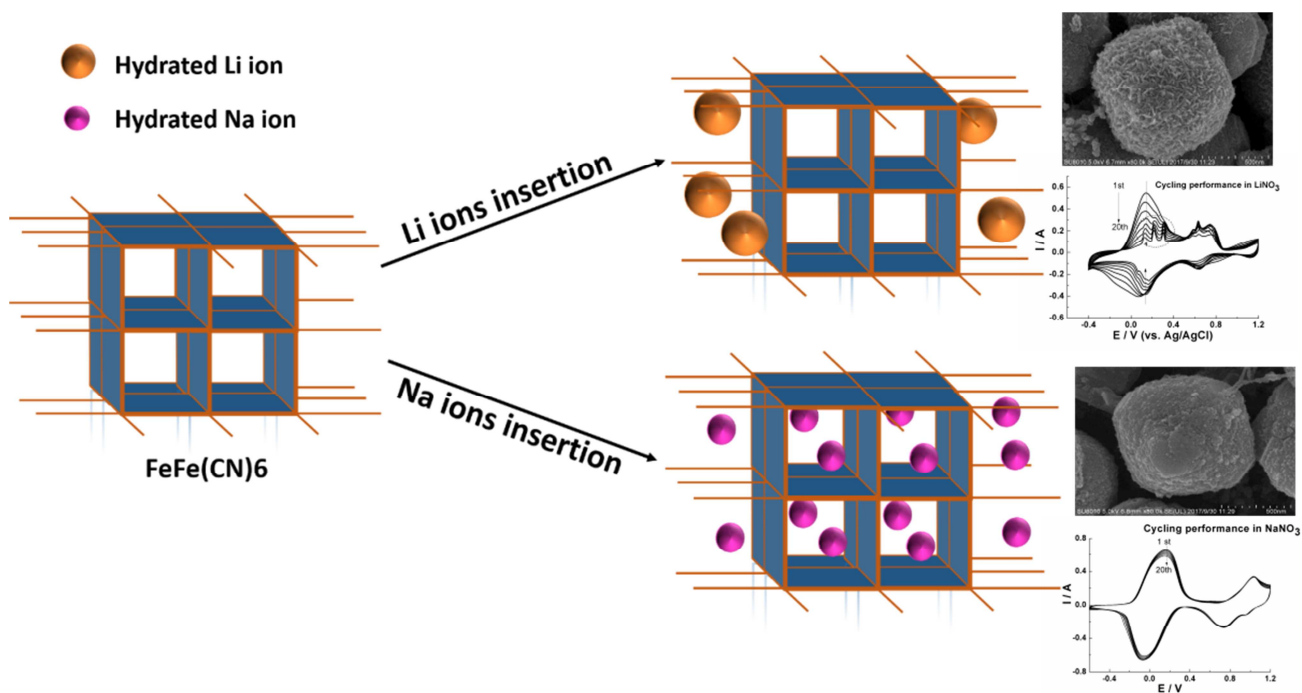
Accepted Date: 28 February 2018

Please cite this article as: Q. Yang, W. Wang, H. Li, J. Zhang, F. Kang, B. Li, Investigation of iron hexacyanoferrate as a high rate cathode for aqueous batteries: Sodium-ion batteries and lithium-ion batteries, *Electrochimica Acta* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.electacta.2018.02.171.

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## Graphical Abstract

Hydrated Na ions could insert at interstitial sites, while hydrated Li ions are more likely to occupy large open sites. This difference could lead to the better electrochemical behavior of  $\text{FeFe}(\text{CN})_6$  in storing sodium ions than storing lithium ions for aqueous batteries.



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