## Accepted Manuscript

Ferrocene: Temperature adjustments of sublimation and vaporization enthalpies

Kseniya V. Zherikova, Sergey P. Verevkin

PII: S0378-3812(18)30184-5

DOI: 10.1016/j.fluid.2018.05.004

Reference: FLUID 11826

To appear in: Fluid Phase Equilibria

Received Date: 7 February 2018

Revised Date: 19 April 2018

Accepted Date: 2 May 2018

Please cite this article as: K.V. Zherikova, S.P. Verevkin, Ferrocene: Temperature adjustments of sublimation and vaporization enthalpies, *Fluid Phase Equilibria* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.fluid.2018.05.004.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



## Ferrocene: temperature adjustments of sublimation and vaporization enthalpies

Kseniya V. Zherikova,<sup>a</sup> Sergey P. Verevkin<sup>b,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Nikolaev Institute of Inorganic Chemistry of Siberian Branch of Russian Academy of Sciences, 630090 Novosibirsk, Russia

<sup>b</sup> Institute of Chemistry, University of Rostock, 18059 Rostock, Germany

## ABSTRACT

Knowledge of the vapor pressures and the sublimation/vaporization enthalpies of a metalorganic precursor can be indispensable for optimizing a deposition process. Unfortunately, published measurements of those values are often referred to a unique temperature, and comparing such studies requires adjusting the data to a common temperature. We tested four methods to adjust the difference between the heat capacities of the gaseous and condensed phases to the reference temperature 298.15 K. The tests used published data for the well-studied compound, ferrocene, as well as new data for the vapor pressure measured by the transpiration method in the range from 361 K to 435 K. The agreement among the four methods suggests that they will be reliable for other metal containing complexes for which limited thermodynamic data are available.

Key Words: ferrocene; transpiration method; vapor pressure; enthalpy of sublimation; heat capacity

\*Corresponding author. E-mail address: <u>sergey.verevkin@uni-rostock.de</u> (S.P. Verevkin) Download English Version:

## https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6619114

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6619114

Daneshyari.com