Accepted Manuscript

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PII: S0378-3812(17)30485-5

DOI: 10.1016/j.fluid.2017.12.009

Reference: FLUID 11682

To appear in: Fluid Phase Equilibria

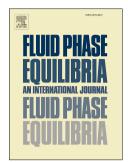
Received Date: 9 September 2017

Revised Date: 2 December 2017

Accepted Date: 4 December 2017

Please cite this article as: D.S. Damaceno, O.A. Perederic, R. Ceriani, G.M. Kontogeorgis, R. Gani, Improvement of predictive tools for vapor-liquid equilibrium based on group contribution methods applied to lipid technology, *Fluid Phase Equilibria* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.fluid.2017.12.009.

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1	Improvement of predictive tools for vapor-liquid equilibrium based
2	on group contribution methods applied to lipid technology
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11	Abstract
12	Predictive methodologies based on group contribution methods, such as UNIFAC, play a very
13	important role in the design, analysis and optimization of separation processes found in oils, fats
14	and biodiesel industries. However, the UNIFAC model has well-known limitations for complex
15	molecular structures that the first-order functional groups are unable to handle. In the particular
16	case of fatty systems these models are not able to adequately predict the non-ideality in the liquid
17	phase. Consequently, a new set of functional groups is proposed to represent the lipid
18	compounds, requiring thereby, new group interaction parameters. In this work, the performance
19	of several UNIFAC variants, the Original-UNIFAC, the Linear-UNIFAC, Modified-UNIFAC
20	and the Dortmund-UNIFAC is compared. The same set of experimental data and the parameter

22 measured data comes from a special lipids database developed in-house (SPEED Lipids database

estimation method developed by Perederic et al. (2017) have been used. The database of

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