Accepted Manuscript

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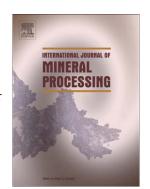
PII: S0301-7516(14)00080-5

DOI: doi: 10.1016/j.minpro.2014.05.011

Reference: MINPRO 2627

To appear in: International Journal of Mineral Processing

Received date: 12 October 2013 Revised date: 8 May 2014 Accepted date: 30 May 2014



Please cite this article as: Ren, Zijie, Gao, Huimin, Zhang, Hongquan, Liu, Xi, Effects of Fluxes on the Structure and Filtration Properties of Diatomite Filter Aids, *International Journal of Mineral Processing* (2014), doi: 10.1016/j.minpro.2014.05.011

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Effects of Fluxes on the Structure and Filtration Properties of Diatomite Filter Aids

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Abstract:

Diatomite filter aids were prepared using raw diatomite and various fluxes. The effects of

composition, amount and granularity of the flux on the micro-structure and filtration

performance of the diatomite filter aids were studied. Filter aids with high flow rate and

filtrate clarity were successfully obtained when 7 wt. % of Na₂CO₃ flux was employed. It was

shown that opal in the diatomite was converted to cristobalite in the presence of flux at

1000 °C, being similar to the formative process of silicate glass. The additive alkali ions from

the flux are believed to partially break Si-O-Si chains of the opal at a high temperature and

then recombine the broken structure to a hexatomic ring mesh structure during the cooling

process, which is significative to control the phase composition for preparation of diatomite

filter aids.

Keywords: diatomite, filter aids, flux, cristobalite, structure, filtration property

1. Introduction

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