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S0021-9614(14)00038-X http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jct.2014.01.028 YJCHT 3840
J. Chem. Thermodynamics
22 April 2013
26 January 2014
31 January 2014



Please cite this article as: Y. Zhang, T. Li, Z. Wu, P. Yu, Y. Luo, Synthesis and thermophysical properties of imidazolate-based ionic liquids: Influences of different cations and anions, *J. Chem. Thermodynamics* (2014), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jct.2014.01.028

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Synthesis and thermophysical properties of imidazolate-based ionic liquids: Influences of different cations and anions

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Abstract

Six novel imidazolate-based room-temperature ionic liquids (ILs), 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium imidazolate ([Bmim][Im]), 1-ethyl-3-methylimidazolium imidazolate ([Emim][Im]), 1-hydroxylethyl-3-methylimidazolium imidazolate ([HO-emim][Im]), 1-aminopropyl-3-methylimidazolium imidazolate ([NH₂-pmim][Im]), 1,4-Bis(3-methylimidazolium-1-yl)butane imidazolate $([Bis(mim)C_4][Im]_2)$ and 1,2-Bis(3-methylimidazolium-1-yl)ethane imidazolate ([Bis(mim)C₂][Im]₂), were prepared with different kinds of cations, including conventional monocation, functionalized cation and dication. Their main physicochemical properties were measured, consisting of glass transition temperature, density, conductivity and viscosity. The influences of the cationic structure on each property were highly discussed. The results showed that the glass transition temperature increased with the decreasing alkyl chains length of cation and dication, whereas the density

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