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Optimal design for heat-integrated water-using and wastewater treatment networks

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HIGHLIGHTS

GRAPHICAL ABSTRACT

- Synthesis of a heat-integrated water and wastewater treatment networks is addressed
- A novel general superstructure and a simultaneous optimisation model are presented.
- Overall synthesis problem is solved using two-step solution strategy.
- · Improved results and novel network designs are reported.



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ABSTRACT

This work proposes a novel general superstructure and a simultaneous optimisation model for the designing of a heat-integrated water-using and wastewater treatment network (HIWTN) by combining a water-using network (WN), a wastewater treatment network (WTN), and a heat exchanger network (HEN). The proposed work is an extension of our previous studies that considered only heat-integrated water networks (HIWNs) or combined WN and HEN without WTN. The new proposed superstructure of this work combines water integration (water-usage, wastewater treatment, and recycling) and heat integration (direct and indirect heat exchanges) within an overall network. The simultaneous optimisation model of the proposed superstructure is formulated as a non-convex mixed integer non-linear programming (MINLP) problem for minimising the total annual network cost (TAC). This model enables appropriate trade-offs between freshwater usage, hot and cold utilities consumption, and capital cost of heat exchangers (HEs) and wastewater treatment units (TUs). Three literature examples are used to test the proposed model. The improved results of the first two examples are given whilst for the third modified example a novel network design is presented in order to include wastewater treatment.

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Nomenclature

Indices		Continuo	us variables
C	contaminant	fh:	heat capacity flow rate of hot stream $i W/K$
i	hot process stream	fr:	heat capacity flow rate of cold stream <i>i</i> , <i>W</i> /K
i	cold process stream	FIP.	mass flow rate of water stream from freshwater source s
, k	index for stage and temperature location	111 S,p	to PU <i>p</i> . kg/s
р	process unit	FMM ⁱⁿ	mass flow rate of inlet stream to wastewater mixer, kg/s
S	freshwater source	FMM ^{out}	mass flow rate of outlet stream from wastewater mixer.
t	treatment unit		kg/s
		FSMM _{t'} t	mass flow rate of water stream from TU to wastewater
Sets		τ,τ	mixer, kg/s
CC	contaminants	FSS ⁱⁿ	mass flow rate of inlet freshwater stream to HE, kg/s
HP	hot process streams	FSS ^{but}	mass flow rate of outlet freshwater stream from HE, kg/s
CP	cold process streams	$FSSM_{p,p'}$	mass flow rate of freshwater stream from splitter SS to
ST	stages in the HEN superstructure		mixer PU, kg/s
PU	process units	$FP_{p',p}$	mass flow rate of water stream from PU <i>p</i> ' to PU <i>p</i> , kg/s
SW	freshwater sources	$FCP_{p',p}$	mass flow rate of cold water stream from PU p' to PU p,
TU	treatment units	• •	kg/s
		$FHP_{p',p}$	mass flow rate of hot water stream from PU p' to PU p ,
Paramete	ors	• •	kg/s
AR	annualized investment factor for TLIs	$FCT_{t',t}$	mass flow rate of cold water stream from TU t' to TU t,
R	exponent for area cost	,	kg/s
C	area cost coefficient ^{(m²}	$FHT_{t',t}$	mass flow rate of hot water stream from TU t' to TU t,
C	per unit cost for cold utility $\frac{1}{W}$		kg/s
CF	fixed charge for exchangers \$	$FTP_{t,p}$	mass flow rate of water stream from TU <i>t</i> to PU <i>p</i> , kg/s
CFW.	cost of freshwater from source s. \$/kg	$FT_{t',t}$	mass flow rate of water stream from TU t' to TU t, kg/s
Cuu	per unit cost for hot utility. $\frac{1}{2}$	FPO _{p'}	mass flow rate of water stream from PU p' to final mixer,
C _n	heat capacity of water. $I/(kg K)$		kg/s
EMAT	exchanger minimum approach temperature. K	$FPT_{p,t}$	mass flow rate of water stream from PU p to TU t, kg/s
Н	hours of plant operation per year. h	FPOMM _p	t_t mass flow rate of water stream from splitter PU p to
h	individual heat-transfer coefficients, W/(m ² K)	•	wastewater mixer after TU <i>t</i> , kg/s
IC _t	investment cost coefficient for TU t , $\frac{1}{kg}$	FPU_{p}^{m}	mass flow rate of inlet water stream to PU <i>p</i> , kg/s
LPUnc	load of contaminant c in PU p, kg/s	FPU _p	mass flow rate of outlet water stream from PU p , kg/s
OC_t	operating cost coefficient for TU t , $\frac{1}{kg}$	FTU_t^{in}	mass flow rate of inlet water stream to TU <i>t</i> , kg/s
R_n	local recycle around PU p ($R_p = 0$ does not exist, $R_p = 1$ if	FTU_t^{out}	mass flow rate of outlet water stream from TU t, kg/s
P	exists)	FTO_t	mass flow rate of water stream from TU t' to final mixer,
$RR_{t,c}$	% removal of contaminant <i>c</i> in TU <i>t</i>	out	kg/s
R _t	local recycle around TU t ($R_t = 0$ does not exist, $R_t = 1$ if	F ^{our}	mass flow rate of outlet wastewater stream from final
	exists)		mixer, kg/s
α	exponent for investment TU cost	FW_s	mass flow rate of water from freshwater source s, kg/s
TFW _s	temperature of freshwater source s, K	FW ^{but} _s	mass flow rate of water stream from freshwater source s
TPU_{p}^{in}	temperature at the inlet of PU p, K		to heating stages, kg/s
TPU_{p}^{but}	temperature at the outlet of PU p, K	thin _i	inlet temperature of hot stream, K
TIN	inlet temperature of utility stream, K	thout _i	outlet temperature of hot stream, K
TOUT	outlet temperature of utility stream, K	<i>tcin_j</i>	inlet temperature of cold stream, K
$TIP_{s,p}$	temperature of freshwater stream from source s to mix-	tcout _j Tec ⁱⁿ	outlet temperature of cold stream, K
	er PU, K	ISS ^m TSC ^{put}	temperature of inlet freshwater stream to HE, K
T ^{out}	temperature of outlet stream from final mixer, K	155_p^{out}	temperature of outlet ireshwater stream from HE, K
T ^{max}	maximum temperature of the water streams within the		temperature of outlet water stream from splitter PU, K
	network, K	TCPUp	temperature of outlet process-to-process cold stream
T ^{min}	minimum temperature of the water streams within the	TI IDI 10UL	ITOIII HE, K
	network, K	THPO _p	temperature of outlet process-to-process not stream
U .	overall heat transfer coefficient, W/(m ² K)	TCTI 10UL	ITOIII HE, K
$xPU_{p,c}^{in,max}$	maximum concentration of contaminant <i>c</i> in inlet	$ICIO_t$	stroom from UE K
	stream to PU, ppm	TI ITI 10UL	Stiedill II Olli FIE, K
$xPU_{p,c}^{out,max}$	^x maximum concentration of contaminant <i>c</i> in outlet	Inio _t	stream from UE K
	stream from PU, ppm	TCTI 10UL	Stredill Ifolii HE, K
$xSS_{p',c}^{out}$	concentration of contaminant <i>c</i> in freshwater in outlet	ISIU _t	temperature of outlet water stream from mixer DL K
***	stream from freshwater splitter, ppm		temperature of outlet stream from miver TU-K
$xW_{s,c}^{in}$	concentration of contaminant c in freshwater source s ,	TMM ⁱⁿ	temperature of inlet wastewater stream to wastewater
_	ppm	IIVIIVI	mixer K
Γ	upper bound for temperature difference	TMMOUT	maci, R temperature of outlet wastewater stream from waste
Ω	upper bound for heat exchange	1 1 1 1111 t	water mixer K
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