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Impacts of humidification process on indoor thermal comfort and air quality using portable ultrasonic humidifier

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11 ABSTRACT

Human exposed to low level of indoor humidity will have dryness (for skin, pharyngeal, eye 12 13 etc.) or respiratory symptoms, which are closely related with indoor thermal comfort and air quality. To increase indoor humidity, portable humidification facilities (e.g., ultrasonic 14 humidifiers) are widely applied in residential buildings due to their economy and convenience. 15 Most of the available indoor humidity-related studies were associated with health issues 16 induced by humidity and airborne pollutants generated by humidifier. However, the studies 17 are rarely focusing on the effects of unsteady humidification (water vapor and droplet-induced 18 19 from portable humidifier) on indoor thermal environment (i.e., air temperature, humidity, 20 thermal comfort) and indoor air quality (e.g., TVOC, particles). Thus, this work aimed to investigate the impacts of humidification process on indoor environment by experiments in an 21 isothermal chamber. The results show that portable ultrasonic humidifier increased humidity 22 and decreased temperature simultaneously. The unsteady air temperature curve had 23 "ladder-like" pattern. If RH increased from 34% to 60%, air temperature and PMV 24 (Predicted Mean Vote) value were decreased by 1.5°C and 0.2 respectively. The obvious 25 26 spatial stratification phenomenon was observed for both temperature and humidity field. We 27 also found the obvious decrease of PM and TVOC concentrations during the entire humidifying process. Compared to traditional steam humidification system, indoor portable 28 ultrasonic humidifier could save 70% of energy consumption and 18% of exergy loss. These 29 qualitative characteristics of indoor humidification process would facilitate for indoor 30 humidity control in the perspectives of human health and thermal comfort. 31

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Keywords: Indoor humidification; humidifier; thermal comfort; indoor air quality; control
strategy

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36 **1. Introduction**

People spend almost 90% of their time in indoor environment [1]. The indoor environmentalparameters (e.g. temperature, relative humidity (RH), and air quality) are strongly associated

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