Accepted Manuscript

Title: Energy intensity of road freight transport of liquid fuels for automotive use in Ecuador: Assessment of changes in logistics

Authors: Patricio Gallardo, Juan Pablo Díaz, Paola Quintana, Israel Cevallos, Paúl León, Jaime Guillén

PII: S2213-624X(17)30360-7

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cstp.2017.12.001

Reference: CSTP 216

To appear in:

Received date: 24-12-2015 Accepted date: 4-12-2017

Please cite this article as: Gallardo, Patricio, Díaz, Juan Pablo, Quintana, Paola, Cevallos, Israel, León, Paúl, Guillén, Jaime, Energy intensity of road freight transport of liquid fuels for automotive use in Ecuador: Assessment of changes in logistics. Case Studies on Transport Policy https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cstp.2017.12.001

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Energy intensity of road freight transport of liquid fuels for automotive use in Ecuador: Assessment of changes in logistics

Patricio Gallardo Department of Energy Efficiency in Transport National Institute of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (INER) Av. 6 de Diciembre N33-22, Edif. Torre Bossano Quito, Ecuador 170518

Phone: 593 2 3931390 ext. 2096

Authors:

Patricio Gallardo (patricio.gallardo@iner.gob.ec)

Juan Pablo Díaz (juan.diaz@iner.gob.ec)

Paola Quintana (paola.quintana@iner.gob.ec)

Israel Cevallos (israel.cevallos@iner.gob.ec)

Paúl León (paul.leon@iner.gob.ec)

Jaime Guillén (jaime.guillen@iner.gob.ec)

Highlights

- We propose a methodology for the calculation of the energy intensity associated with the road transportation of liquid fuels in Ecuador.
- The intensity indicator is defined by three parameters: fuel economy, distance travelled and load carried.
- Energy intensity is estimated for the current conditions of our case study and it is also assessed for four alternative scenarios: redistribution of load assignments, improvement in fuel economy, introduction of a new terminal and all schemes combined.
- Savings are accounted for all schemes in terms of economic benefits, energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions.

Abstract

In Ecuador, liquid fuels are transported through a system of oil pipelines and tank wagons. The first

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6702137

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6702137

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>