

Accepted Manuscript

Energy absorption study considering crush test on carbon fiber/epoxy and carbon fiber/polyurethane structural composite beams

R.M. Di Benedetto, B.Z. Gama Haque, A.M. Ahammad, J.J. Tierney, D. Heider

PII: S0263-8223(18)31198-X

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.compstruct.2018.06.043>

Reference: COST 9837

To appear in: *Composite Structures*

Received Date: 30 March 2018

Revised Date: 5 June 2018

Accepted Date: 15 June 2018



Please cite this article as: Di Benedetto, R.M., Gama Haque, B.Z., Ahammad, A.M., Tierney, J.J., Heider, D., Energy absorption study considering crush test on carbon fiber/epoxy and carbon fiber/polyurethane structural composite beams, *Composite Structures* (2018), doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.compstruct.2018.06.043>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ENERGY ABSORPTION STUDY CONSIDERING CRUSH TEST ON CARBON FIBER/EPOXY AND CARBON FIBER/POLYURETHANE STRUCTURAL COMPOSITE BEAMS

Di Benedetto, R. M.^{1,2}; (Gama) Haque, B. Z.¹; Ahammad, A. M.¹; Tierney, J. J.¹; Heider, D.¹

¹ University of Delaware – UDEL

² Federal University of Itajubá - UNIFEI

Center for Composite Materials – CCM

101 Academy Street

Newark, DE – 19716

ABSTRACT

Crashworthiness of a high-performance composite structure is associated to its energy absorption capacity through controlled failure mechanisms during an impact or crushing event. Furthermore, crush and compression testing usually characterize the failure mechanisms, which considers the specimen geometry, material type, fiber architecture and loading rate. This study focuses on energy absorption capability of carbon fiber/epoxy (CF/Epoxy) and carbon fiber/polyurethane (CF/PU) composite hat beams (HB) by a nonstandard quasi-static crush test for crashworthiness applications, including a discussion of how the material properties affect the structural behavior. In addition, the materials evaluation by low velocity impact (LVI), compression after impact (CAI) test, and in-plane shear response by tensile test was performed to determine and compare mechanical behavior and damage modes caused by the impact event. Despite the differences observed on the CF/Epoxy and CF/PU composites in terms of energy absorption capacity on impact, post-impact compression strength and shear strength, the HB specimens presented similar average crush force when subjected to the crush loading, but different types of failure modes. A multiple linear regression model has been developed which is able to predict the HB absorbed energy on crush considering the matrix behavior and energy absorption capability corresponding the failure mechanisms observed.

Keywords: Hat beam composites, energy absorption, crush test, failure modes

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6702625>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/6702625>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)