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Investigation on Performance of Building-Integrated Earth-Air Heat Exchanger

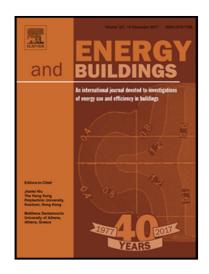
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Investigation on Performance of Building-Integrated Earth-Air Heat Exchanger

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Abstract

Conventional applications of earth-air heat exchanger (EAHE) inevitably have high initial cost to have

better performance, or issues about insufficient installation space. To improve the feasibility of EAHE in

high-density housing, this paper presents an integrated system consisting of air pipes immersed in the

water-filled raft foundation, taking advantage of immense amount of water and relatively stable

temperature in raft foundation of building. The aim of the study is to perform a field monitoring and

performance analysis of EAHE integrated with water-filled raft foundation of residential building. The

foundation-integrated EAHE was applied to a residential building located in Yilan, Taiwan, and its thermal

performance was measured in the field experiment. The results indicated that the cooling potential of

integrated system was close to the potential of soil-based EAHE at 2 m depth or deeper. An analytical

model based on thermal resistance method was validated by measurement results, and was used to carry

out the dimensioning of foundation-integrated EAHE. In addition, the return-on-investment with regard to

thermal performance and economics of the application was evaluated. Because the installation for air

pipes is scheduled in the building foundation construction, the utilization of integrated system spends less

construction cost compare to the conventional EAHEs.

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