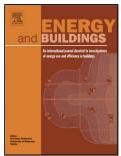
Accepted Manuscript

Title: Model-based Optimization of Distributed and Renewable Energy Systems in Buildings

Author: Paul Stadler Araz Ashouri François Maréchal



PII:	S0378-7788(16)30207-9
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.1016/j.enbuild.2016.03.051
Reference:	ENB 6524
To appear in:	ENB
Received date:	8-10-2015
Revised date:	9-3-2016
Accepted date:	19-3-2016

Please cite this article as: Paul Stadler, Araz Ashouri, François Model-based Optimization Distributed Maréchal, of and Renewable Energy Systems in Buildings, <![CDATA[Energy & Buildings]]> (2016), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enbuild.2016.03.051

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Model-based Optimization of Distributed and Renewable Energy Systems in Buildings

Paul Stadler*, Araz Ashouri, François Maréchal

Industrial Process and Energy System Engineering (IPESE), École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, CH-1951 Sion, Switzerland

Abstract

In order to fully exploit the potential of renewable energy resources (RERs) for building applications, optimal design and control of the different energy systems is a compelling challenge to address. This paper presents a two-step multi-objective optimization approach to size both thermal and electrical energy systems in regard of thermo-economic performance indicators to suit consumer and grid operator interests. Several utilities such as storage, conversion systems, and RERs are hence modelled and formulated through mixed-integer linear programming. Simultaneously, the algorithm defines the optimal operation strategy, based on a model predictive control structure, for each deterministic unit embedded within the energy management system of the building to meet the different comfort and service requirements.

The developed design framework is successfully applied on several energy systems configuration of typical Swiss building types. Different component sizes are analysed, regarding the present investment cost and the self-consumption share. In addition, this paper presents a novel optimal design criteria based on the maximum cost benefits in the view of both the consumer and the distribution network operator.

Keywords: Multi-Objective Optimization, Optimal design and control, Distributed Energy System, System Modelling, Complete building simulation

1. Highlights

- K-medoids clustering of the input data to improve computational efforts
- Advanced thermal modelling by applying discrete control-oriented models of thermo-electrical energy systems and heat cascading.

Preprint submitted to Journal of Energy & Buildings

March 3, 2016

^{*}Corresponding author, Phone Number: $+41\ 21\ 695\ 82\ 60$

Email addresses: paul.stadler@epfl.ch (Paul Stadler), araz.ashouri@epfl.ch

⁽Araz Ashouri), francois.marechal@epfl.ch (François Maréchal)

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6730167

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6730167

Daneshyari.com