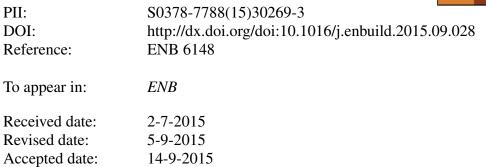
Accepted Manuscript

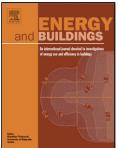
Title: Full-factorial design space exploration approach for multi-criteria decision making of the design of industrial halls

Author: Bruno Lee Navid Pourmousavian Jan L.M. Hensen



Please cite this article as: B. Lee, N. Pourmousavian, J.L.M. Hensen, Full-factorial design space exploration approach for multi-criteria decision making of the design of industrial halls, *Energy and Buildings* (2015), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enbuild.2015.09.028

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Full-factorial design space exploration approach for multi-criteria decision making of the design of industrial halls

Bruno Lee^{1,2,*}, Navid Pourmousavian¹, Jan L.M. Hensen²

¹Department of Building, Civil and Environmental Engineering, Concordia University, Montreal, Quebec, Canada

² Department of the Built Environment, Eindhoven University of Technology (TU/e), Eindhoven, the Netherlands

* Corresponding author. Tel: +1-514-848-2424 ext. 5399
Fax: +1-514-848-7965
E-mail address: bruno.lee@concordia.ca

Abstract

Industrial halls pose high energy saving potential that is not yet explored under current design practice. Common design approaches such as parametric study or optimization are largely constrained by the assumptions and do not promote flexibility in the decision making process. Based on the unique characteristics of industrial halls, this paper develops a full factorial design space exploration approach to support multi-criteria design decision making. Energy performance, environmental impact, and cost effectiveness are studied over the whole life cycle. The approach is demonstrated with a case study of a warehouse in Amsterdam. Design parameters of interest are the insulation values, construction types, skylight coverage and transpired solar collector coverage. The results indicate that this approach offers design solutions that might not be otherwise identified. The non-case-specific one-time investigation allows objective space of derived performance to be generated dynamically based on even changing information or inputs specified by the users at the time of making the decision. This new design support approach facilitates designers to assess feasibility of any design solution based on their own desired set of performance requirement under different probable scenarios in the future.

Keywords: Industrial halls; Multi-criteria decision making; Full-factorial design space exploration; Energy performance; Environmental impact; Cost effectiveness

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6730467

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6730467

Daneshyari.com