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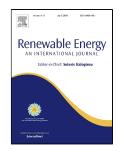
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Optimal sizing of energy storage system and its cost-benefit analysis for power grid planning with intermittent wind generation

Shiwei Xia^{a,b}, K.W. Chan^b, Xiao Luo^{c,b}, Siqi Bu^b, Zhaohao Ding^a, Bin Zhou^d

- ^a State Key Laboratory of Alternate Electrical Power System with Renewable Energy Sources,
 North China Electric Power University, Beijing 102206, China
- ^b Department of Electrical Engineering, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, Hong Kong SAR
 ^c Huadian Power International Corporation Limited, Beijing 100031, China

9 ^d College of Electrical and Information Engineering, Hunan University, Changsha 410082, China

Abstract-Energy storage system (ESS) is a key technology to accommodate the 10 uncertainties of renewables. However, ESS at an improper size would result in no-reasonable 11 installation, operation and maintenance costs. With concerns on these costs outweighing ESS 12 operating profit, this paper establishes a stochastic model to size ESS for power grid planning 13 with intermittent wind generation. In the model, the hourly-based marginal distributions with 14 covariance is first derived from historical data of wind generation, and a stochastic cost-15 benefit analysis model with consideration of the generation fuel cost expectation and ESS 16 amortized daily capital cost is formed. Then a hybrid solution approach combining the Point 17 18 Estimated method and the parallel Branch and Bound algorithm (PE-BB) is designed to solve the model. Finally, the stochastic model and PE-BB approach are thoroughly tested on the 19 10-unit and 26-unit systems with uncertain wind generation. Simulation results confirmed the 20 proposed model and PE-BB approach are effective to optimize ESS size for power grid 21 planning with intermittent wind generation. The cost-benefit investigations on four typical 22 23 ESSs also indicated that the ESS capital cost, charging/discharging efficiency and lifetime are important properties for optimizing ESS size, and it is not always economically justifiable to 24 25 install ESS in power system.

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