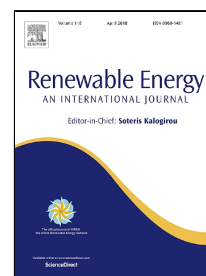


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Development of the direct solar photocatalytic water splitting system for hydrogen production in Northwest China: Design and evaluation of photoreactor

Fei Cao^{1,2,3,*}, Qingyu Wei², Huan Liu², Na Lu³, Liang Zhao^{2,*}, Liejin Guo²

1. College of Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Hohai University, Changzhou 213022, China, yq.cao@hotmail.com, fcao@hhu.edu.cn (F. Cao)

2. State Key Laboratory of Multiphase Flow in Powering Engineering, Xi'an Jiaotong University, Xi'an 710049, China, lzhao@mail.xjtu.edu.cn (L. Zhao)

3. Lyles School of Civil Engineering, School of Materials Engineering, Birck Nanotechnology Center, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47906, USA

Abstract: A novel CPC reactor for solar photocatalytic hydrogen production was designed and evaluated in the present study. Two operation models, namely the natural circulation model and the gas disturbance model, are proposed and illustrated from the viewpoints of thermodynamics and hydrodynamics. The designed photoreactor is operated under natural circulation for most of the time, with high pressure gas disturbing the sedimentary photocatalysts from time to time. The CPC parameters are designed according to the local meteorological conditions. The reactor performance such as the radiation distribution on the absorber tube, the absorbed solar irradiation, the critical flow rates and the hydrogen productivity are estimated and analyzed. An east-west orientated, north-south angle adjustable and truncated CPC with the concentration ratio of 4.12 is designed for the photoreactor. The required limiting settling velocity is much larger than the natural circulation velocity, which validates the necessity of gas disturbance. The estimated results show that the ideal mean hydrogen productivities are 2.9 L/h and 4.0 L/h in a typical spring and summer week respectively, with the photocatalyst being $\text{Cd}_{0.5}\text{Zn}_{0.5}\text{S}$.

Keywords: CPC reactor; Solar photocatalytic hydrogen production; Solar photocatalysis; Hydrogen production; Solar energy

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