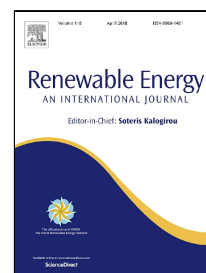


# Accepted Manuscript

Exploring the impact of increased solar deployment levels on residential electricity bills in India

Thakur Jagruti, Rauner Sebastian, Darghouth Naïm R, Chakraborty Basab



PII: S0960-1481(17)31305-8  
DOI: 10.1016/j.renene.2017.12.101  
Reference: RENE 9598  
To appear in: *Renewable Energy*  
Received Date: 13 June 2017  
Revised Date: 20 November 2017  
Accepted Date: 27 December 2017

Please cite this article as: Thakur Jagruti, Rauner Sebastian, Darghouth Naïm R, Chakraborty Basab, Exploring the impact of increased solar deployment levels on residential electricity bills in India, *Renewable Energy* (2017), doi: 10.1016/j.renene.2017.12.101

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

# Exploring the impact of increased solar deployment levels on residential electricity bills in India

Thakur Jagruti<sup>a</sup>, Rauner Sebastian<sup>b</sup>, Darghouth Naïm R<sup>c</sup>, Chakraborty Basab<sup>a1</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Rajendra Mishra School of Engineering Entrepreneurship, Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur, 721302, India

<sup>b</sup> Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research (PIK), Member of the Leibniz Association, P.O. Box 60 12 03, D-14412 Potsdam, Germany

<sup>c</sup> Ernest Orlando Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, 1 Cyclotron Road, Berkeley, CA 94720, USA

## Abstract

In this study, the impact of increased solar penetration in the electricity generation mix on residential electricity consumer bills is explored. The study comprises of two sections: simulation of wholesale electricity rates and retail rate modeling. In the first stage, wholesale prices were modeled using a bottom-up long term unit commitment optimization model for different energy mix scenarios based on increased solar penetration, ranging from 5 to 40% on energy basis. The simulations indicated a fall in wholesale prices with increased solar penetration, a result of merit order effect. The simulated wholesale prices were then used to model retail rates for residential consumers. Four different types of retail rates were designed: flat rate, real time pricing, time of use and critical peak pricing. The impact of these retail rate mechanisms on electricity bills of residential consumers was analyzed and it was found that the bill savings achieved from time varying rates are greater than for time invariant rates. With increased solar penetration, customers with time varying rates are likely to benefit the most from electricity bill savings. Although consumers with flat rate gain bill savings with increased solar penetration, the savings are likely to be lower than with time-varying rates.

**Keywords:** Energy System Modelling, retail electricity rate design, Indian electricity market, grid integrated solar, Indian energy policy

## Abbreviations:

AMI-Automated Metering Infrastructure

CAGR- Compound Annual Growth Rate

---

<sup>1</sup> Corresponding Author. Tel: +0322281092

Email Address: basab@see.iitkgp.ernet.in (Prof. Basab Chakraborty)

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6764888>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/6764888>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)