Accepted Manuscript

Title: Knowledge Transfer in Sustainable Management of Heritage Buildings. Case of Lithuania and Cyprus

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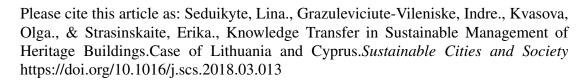
PII: S2210-6707(17)30318-9

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scs.2018.03.013

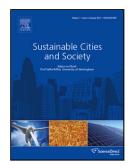
Reference: SCS 1020

To appear in:

Received date: 28-3-2017 Revised date: 26-2-2018 Accepted date: 13-3-2018



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Knowledge Transfer in Sustainable Management of Heritage Buildings. Case of Lithuania and Cyprus

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Highlights

- The basic dimensions of sustainability sociocultural, socioeconomic, and environmental served as a guideline for selecting the case studies in order to illustrate better the spectrum of sustainable heritage management challenges.
- Inter-country narrative knowledge transfer in heritage preservation sector can become a significant stimulus for further initiatives and other more tangible modes of knowledge exchange and transfer.
- Cyprus experience of re-functioning heritage buildings for university's needs gives a sustainable example of heritage management that can be adapted in Lithuania bearing in mind the presence of insufficiently used valuable buildings in the historic centers of large cities.
- Examples of Lithuanian sustainable community heritage actualisation initiatives in Kaunas showed, that sometimes substantial funding is not needed in order to educate society (both local and international) on unique parts of history of the city or country. These low-cost bottom-up activities increase the perception and appreciation of history and heritage and can be applied in different contexts.

The article focuses on sociocultural, socioeconomic and environmental sustainability dimensions with respect to heritage buildings and built heritage management knowledge transfer between two European countries - Lithuania and Cyprus. These countries had joined European Union in 2004 and since then had achieved some advancements in implementing the policies of sustainability and sustainable heritage management. The aim of this research was to demonstrate the possible knowledge transfer fields related to heritage and the body of knowledge that can be transferred from Lithuania to Cyprus and vice versa resulting in the positive heritage buildings management innovations. The methods of research included the analysis of literature, the empirical research in heritage objects, and the descriptive analysis of obtained data and selected cases as a form of narrative knowledge transfer. The results of the analysis have demonstrated that balanced country-to-country knowledge transfer can give stimulus to positive heritage buildings management innovations including re-functioning of heritage buildings, the attention to users' comfort in historic structures and low-cost heritage actualisation initiatives.

KEYWORDS: heritage buildings, knowledge transfer, built heritage management, Cyprus, Lithuania

Introduction

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