

## Accepted Manuscript

Title: Spatial-temporal characteristics and determinants of land urbanization quality in China: Evidence from 285 prefecture-level cities

Authors: Wenjing Zhang, Mark Wang

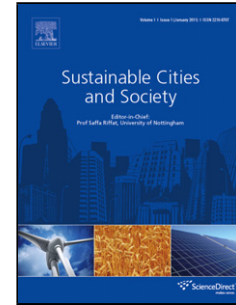
PII: S2210-6707(17)30393-1  
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scs.2017.12.011>  
Reference: SCS 883

To appear in:

Received date: 12-4-2017  
Revised date: 6-12-2017  
Accepted date: 6-12-2017

Please cite this article as: Zhang, Wenjing., & Wang, Mark., Spatial-temporal characteristics and determinants of land urbanization quality in China: Evidence from 285 prefecture-level cities. *Sustainable Cities and Society* <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scs.2017.12.011>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



# Spatial-temporal characteristics and determinants of land urbanization quality in China: Evidence from 285 prefecture-level cities

Author group and affiliation

Wenjing Zhang (corresponding author )

Wenjingz8@student.unimelb.edu.au

School of Geography, The university of Melbourne

221 Bouverie Street, Carlton, VIC 3010

Mark Wang

myw@unimelb.edu.au

School of Geography, The university of Melbourne

221 Bouverie Street, Carlton, VIC 3010

## Highlights

- The study provide spatial-temporal analysis of land urbanization quality(LUQ) in the 285 prefecture-level cities over the past decade.
- This study contributes to research on the land – growth – environment nexus
- The study analyze driving forces of LUQ in six national urban agglomerations from the perspective of economic development, land market and local governments’ behavior.
- Over the past decade, local governments behavior have more influence on LUQ in cities with relative low level of development.

**Abstract:** This study contributes to research on the land – growth – environment nexus by putting emphasis on assessing the quality of land urbanization using our evaluation index system from four aspects: suitability of land urbanization, social, economic and ecological benefits of urban land use. By employing Exploratory Spatial Data Analysis (ESDA), this paper concerns the spatial-temporal characteristics of land urbanization quality(LUQ) in the 285 prefecture-level cities over the past decade. In analyzing the determinants of LUQ, this paper starts from addressing the driving forces of LUQ in six urban agglomerations from the perspective of economic development, land market and local governments’ behavior. The results indicate that land urbanization in China has relatively positive spatial autocorrelation with significant agglomeration effect. The path of LUQ in 285 prefecture-level cities fits in the waves of urban development and land use policy in the country. Moreover, the levels of urban land marketization and economic growth are the most common determinants while local governments behavior mostly influence the western region of China. These findings may suggest that development of urban agglomeration needs to be further promoted and more emphasis of New-type urbanization should be given to improve the urban layout and morphology.

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6775274>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/6775274>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)