Accepted Manuscript

Title: Working, Parenting and Work-Home Spillover: Gender Differences in the Work-Home Interface across the Life Course

Authors: Katherine Y. Lin, Sarah A. Burgard

PII: S1040-2608(17)30065-5

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.alcr.2017.12.003

Reference: ALCR 216

To appear in:

Received date: 3-3-2017 Revised date: 7-12-2017 Accepted date: 12-12-2017

Please cite this article as: Lin, Katherine Y., & Burgard, Sarah A., Working, Parenting and Work-Home Spillover: Gender Differences in the Work-Home Interface across the Life Course. *Advances in Life Course Research* https://doi.org/10.1016/j.alcr.2017.12.003

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Title: Working, Parenting and Work-Home Spillover: Gender Differences in the Work-Home Interface across the Life Course

Katherine Y. Lin

Dartmouth College

Sarah A. Burgard

University of Michigan – Ann Arbor

Please address all correspondence to: Katherine Y. Lin, 105 Silsby Hall, Dartmouth College, Hanover, NH 03755, email: katherine.y.p.lin@dartmouth.edu, phone: (603) 646-2554, fax: (603) 646-1228.

Abstract: In this study, we bring a life course approach to work-family research and ask how work-home spillover changes as men and women move through different parenting stages. We use two waves of the Mid-Life in the United States Study (MIDUS I and II, 1996-2004, N=1,319) and estimate change-score models to document the association between five parenting transitions (becoming a parent, starting to parent a school-aged child, an adolescent, young adult, or adult child) and changes in both positive and negative work-to-home (WHS) and home-to-work (HWS) spillover, testing for gender differences in these associations. We find that moving through parenting stages is related to within-person changes in reports of work-home spillover, and that mothers and fathers encounter changes in spillover at different points in the life course. Our findings detail how transitions through parenthood produce a gendered life course, and speaks to the need for policies to support working parents throughout the life course.

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