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The perceived risk of pregnancy as a mediator of the association between prenatal

depression and depression 5 years after giving birth

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Abstract

The present study examines a mother's perception of her pregnancy as risking herself

and her fetus, as a mediator of the association between depressive symptoms during

pregnancy and depressive symptoms 5 years after giving birth, regardless of actual

objective risk. 290 Jewish Israeli mothers filled out self-reported questionnaires

dealing with objective risk, subjective risk and depressive symptoms. The findings

confirmed partial mediation effect, implying a potential negative impact of the

preventive efforts usually made, by increasing risk perception with long-term costs for

mothers, especially for those who have already developed depressive symptoms.

Keywords: Perceived risk, Pregnancy, Depression.

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