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HOSTILE AND IRRITABLE AFFECT IN PTSD

Characterizing Anger-related Affect in Individuals with Posttraumatic Stress Disorder Using

Ecological Momentary Assessment

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Abstract

This study employed secondary analyses of existing ecological momentary assessment (EMA) data to characterize hostile and irritable affect in the day-to-day experience of 52 smokers with, and 65 smokers without, posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD). EMA monitoring occurred over a mean of 8.2 days, and participants responded to an average of 2.8 random

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