Author's Accepted Manuscript

Prevalence of depression and its associated factors among Chinese elderly people: a comparison study community-based between population and hospitalized population

Ning Li, Gong Chen, Ping Zeng, Jing Pang, Huan Gong, Yiwen Han, Yan Zhang, Enyi Zhang, Tiemei Zhang, Xiaoying Zheng



www.elsevier.com/locate/psvchres

PII: S0165-1781(15)30801-5

http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.psychres.2016.05.030 DOI:

PSY9718 Reference:

To appear in: Psychiatry Research

Received date: 9 December 2015 Revised date: 1 April 2016 Accepted date: 22 May 2016

Cite this article as: Ning Li, Gong Chen, Ping Zeng, Jing Pang, Huan Gong Yiwen Han, Yan Zhang, Enyi Zhang, Tiemei Zhang and Xiaoying Zheng. Prevalence of depression and its associated factors among Chinese elderly people: a comparison study between community-based population and hospitalized population, *Psychiatry* Research http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.psychres.2016.05.030

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted fo publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version o the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Prevalence of depression and its associated factors among Chinese elderly people: a comparison study between community-based population and hospitalized population

Ning Li^{a1}, Gong Chen^{a1}, Ping Zeng^{b1}, Jing Pang^b, Huan Gong^b, Yiwen Han^b, Yan Zhang^b, Enyi Zhang^b, Tiemei Zhang^{b*}, Xiaoying Zheng^{a*}

^aInstitute of Population Research, Peking University

xzheng@pku.edu.cn tmzhang126@126.com

*Corresponding author: Xiaoying Zheng, Institute of Population Research/WHO Collaborating Center on Reproductive Health and Population Science, Peking University, Beijing 100871, China *Corresponding author:Tiemei Zhang, Postal address: Institute of Geriatric Medicine, Beijing

Hospital, Beijing 100730, China

Abstract

Depression is common among elderly people, but people from various study settings were at different levels of risk for depression. However, most of the existing studies were conducted among community population, and little was known about depression among institutionalized population. In this study, using a national sample, we aimed to compare the prevalence rate of depression and its associated factors between community-dwelling elderly people (CDEP) and elderly medical inpatients (EMI). Data for this study was derived from a national survey of the 2011 Comprehensive Assessment of Elderly Health. The Geriatric Depression Scale was used to assess depression. The results indicated that the prevalence rate of depression among EMI was significantly higher than that in CDEP (18.1% VS 11.6%, P<0.001). Physical health status was found to be the most important factor associated with depression among both groups. This study revealed a high prevalence rate of depression among Chinese elderly people, especially for those medically institutionalized. It's essential to pay more efforts on the training of general practitioners for early screening and identification of depression on the admission of elderly patients and during their hospitalization, and case management of the elderly medical inpatients on assessment and treatment for depression may be beneficial.

keywords: depression; Chinese population; elderly people

Financial Disclosure:

No disclosures to report.

1. Introduction

^bInstitute of Geriatric Medicine, Beijing Hospital

¹ Ning Li, Gong Chen, and Ping Zeng made equal contributions to this paper.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6812673

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6812673

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>