Accepted Manuscript

Does the Precision and Stability of Value-Added Estimates of Teacher Performance Depend on the Types of Students They Serve?

Brian Stacy, Cassandra Guarino, Jeffrey Wooldridge

PII: S0272-7757(17)30059-6

DOI: 10.1016/j.econedurev.2018.04.001

Reference: ECOEDU 1793

To appear in: Economics of Education Review

Received date: 25 January 2017 Revised date: 30 March 2018 Accepted date: 4 April 2018



Please cite this article as: Brian Stacy, Cassandra Guarino, Jeffrey Wooldridge, Does the Precision and Stability of Value-Added Estimates of Teacher Performance Depend on the Types of Students They Serve?, *Economics of Education Review* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.econedurev.2018.04.001

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Highlights

- We estimate teacher value-added using a large state administrative dataset spanning multiple years.
- We examine how precise and how stable a teachers value-added estimate is from year to year and whether this relates to the characteristics of the teachers class of students.
- We find that teachers assigned to low performing students have less precise and tend to have less stable estimates.
- In a decomposition exercise, we find that teachers with low performing students also tend to have more transitory variation in value-added from year to year, which also affect stability.

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