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A New System of Global Fractional-order Interval Implicit Projection Neural Networks^{*}

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Abstract. The purpose of this paper is to introduce and investigate a new system of global fractional-order interval implicit projection neural networks. An existence and uniqueness theorem of the equilibrium point for the system of global fractional-order interval implicit projection neural networks is obtained under some suitable assumptions. Moreover, Mittag-Leffler stability for the system of global fractional-order interval implicit projection neural networks is also proved. Finally, two numerical examples are given to illustrate the validity of our results.

Key Words and Phrases: Interval implicit projection neural networks; Fractional-order calculus; Equilibrium point; Mittag-Leffler stability.

1 Introduction

This paper deals with a new system of global fractional-order interval implicit projection neural networks (FIIPNN) in $\mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^m$ as the following form:

$$\begin{cases} {}^{C}_{0}D^{\alpha}_{t}x(t) = P_{K_{1}(x(t))}[x(t) - \rho \left(Ax(t) + A^{*}y(t)\right) - \rho a\right] - x(t), \ t \ge 0, \\ x(0) = x_{0} = (x_{10}, x_{20}, \dots, x_{n0})^{\top}, \\ {}^{C}_{0}D^{\alpha}_{t}y(t) = P_{K_{2}(y(t))}[y(t) - \lambda \left(By(t) + B^{*}x(t)\right) - \lambda b] - y(t), \ t \ge 0, \\ y(0) = y_{0} = (y_{10}, y_{20}, \dots, y_{m0})^{\top}, \end{cases}$$
(1.1)

where $\alpha \in (0,1), {}_{0}^{C}D_{t}^{\alpha}$ is the Caputo fractional derivative, $K_{1}: \mathbb{R}^{n} \to 2^{\mathbb{R}^{n}}$ and $K_{2}: \mathbb{R}^{m} \to 2^{\mathbb{R}^{m}}$ are two point to set mappings with nonempty, closed and convex values, $P_{K_{1}(x(t))}$ and $P_{K_{2}(y(t))}$ are two implicit projection operators, $\rho > 0$ and $\lambda > 0$ are two constants, $a = (a_{1}, a_{2}, \dots, a_{n})^{\top} \in \mathbb{R}^{n}$ and $b = (b_{1}, b_{2}, \dots, b_{m})^{\top} \in \mathbb{R}^{m}$

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