

Accepted Manuscript

A cloud model based DNA genetic algorithm for numerical optimization problems

Wenke Zang, Liyan Ren, Wenqian Zhang, Xiyu Liu

PII: S0167-739X(17)30469-7

DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.future.2017.07.036>

Reference: FUTURE 3566

To appear in: *Future Generation Computer Systems*

Received date: 23 March 2017

Revised date: 2 June 2017

Accepted date: 16 July 2017

Please cite this article as: W. Zang, L. Ren, W. Zhang, X. Liu, A cloud model based DNA genetic algorithm for numerical optimization problems, *Future Generation Computer Systems* (2017), <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.future.2017.07.036>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



A cloud model based DNA genetic algorithm for numerical optimization problems

Wenke Zang ^{a,*}, Liyan Ren ^a, Wenqian Zhang ^a, Xiyu Liu ^a

^a School of Management Science and Engineering, Shandong Normal University, China

H E I G H T S

- A Cloud model based genetic algorithm with DNA encoding called CM-DNAGA is proposed.
- The main idea of the CM-DNAGA is combined the properties of randomness and stable tendency of the normal cloud mode with bio-inspired encoding GA.
- In the CM-DNAGA, the Y conditional normal cloud generator is used as the crossover operator and the basic normal cloud generator is used as the mutation operator.

ARTICLE INFO

Article history:

Received

Received in revised form

Accepted

Available online

Keywords:

Cloud model

DNA

genetic algorithm

DNA-GA

numerical optimization

A B S T R A C T

Bio-inspired algorithms for optimization are significant topics in the areas of computational intelligence. Traditional genetic algorithm easily gets stuck at a local optimum, and often has slow convergent speed. To overcome these drawbacks, the Cloud model based genetic algorithm with DNA encoding (CM-DNAGA) is originally proposed in this study. The CM-DNAGA algorithm is based on not only the properties of randomness and stable tendency of the normal cloud model, but also the idea of GA with the bio-inspired coding method, i.e., DNA. In CM-DNAGA, a Y conditional normal cloud generator is used as the genetic crossover operator, and a basic normal cloud generator is used as the mutation operator. The simulation experiments are conducted on 12 numerical optimization functions, which evaluate the performance of the proposed algorithm. The experimental results indicate that the proposed method is a competitive optimizer in comparison with the three state-of-the-art heuristic algorithms, i.e. standard GA, PSO and RNA-GA.

© 2017 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

1. Introduction

Numerical optimization problems exist widely in different areas of science research and engineering practice. In the past decades, these optimization problems are solved by using the traditional mathematical methods [1]. With increasing complexity of these optimization problems, the

traditional mathematical methods cannot find the satisfactory solutions. Therefore, the effective optimization algorithms are needed to solve these kinds of optimization problems. One class of the optimization algorithms inspired by natural computing is effective method to solve these problems, such as genetic algorithm (GA) [2], particle swarm

* Corresponding author.

E-mail addresses: wink@sdnu.edu.cn (W. K. Zang), 13395410670@163.com (L. Y. Ren), zhangwq1201@163.com (W. Q. Zhang), xyliu@sdnu.edu.cn (X. Y. Liu)

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6873292>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/6873292>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)