Accepted Manuscript

Regular paper



Analysis and Design of a New COA-Based Current-Mode Instrumentation Amplifier with Robust Performance against Mismatches

L. Safari, S. Minaei, G. Ferri, V. Stornelli

PII:	S1434-8411(18)30196-1
DOI:	https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aeue.2018.03.021
Reference:	AEUE 52274
To appear in:	International Journal of Electronics and Communi- cations
Received Date:	23 January 2018
Accepted Date:	12 March 2018

Please cite this article as: L. Safari, S. Minaei, G. Ferri, V. Stornelli, Analysis and Design of a New COA-Based Current-Mode Instrumentation Amplifier with Robust Performance against Mismatches, *International Journal of Electronics and Communications* (2018), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aeue.2018.03.021

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Analysis and Design of a New COA-Based Current-Mode Instrumentation Amplifier with Robust Performance against Mismatches

L.Safari^{a*}, S.Minaei^b, G.Ferri^a, V.Stornelli^a

^aDepartment of Electrical and Information Engineering, University of L'Aquila, Via Gronchi 18, L'Aquila, Italy ^bDepartment of Electronics and Communications Engineering, Dogus University, Acibadem, Kadikoy, 34722 Istanbul, Turkey *Leilasafari@yahoo.com

Abstract: In this paper, analysis and design of a new current-mode instrumentation amplifier (CMIA) circuit is presented. The proposed circuit employs two Current Operational Amplifiers (COA) as active building blocks, one resistor and two transistors operating as variable resistors to electronically control the differential-mode gain. The main feature of the proposed CMIA is that unlike most previously reported CMIAs, its CMRR has negligible sensitivity to mismatches. In addition, in the proposed circuit both active building blocks operate in negative feedback loop which results in an overall enhanced performance. SPICE simulation results using 0.18 μ m TSMC CMOS parameters and supply voltage of ±0.9 V show a constant CMRR of about 51 dB regardless of mismatches and wide bandwidth ranging from 14.8 MHz to about 3 MHz for differential-mode gains between 3 and 18 dB, respectively.

Keywords: Current Mode, Instrumentation Amplifier, COA,

1. Introduction

Instrumentation amplifiers (IAs) are widely used in data acquisition systems and signal processing applications. The most important performance parameter of an IA is the common mode rejection ratio (CMRR) which indicates how well it is possible to measure the desired differential signal in presence of large unwanted common mode ones. The CMRR of an IA not only depends on matching between the used active elements but also on the external resistor tolerances. Higher tolerance degrades CMRR and lower tolerance resistors calls for the increased cost. In the traditional voltage mode IA, which is based on three operational amplifiers (op-amps) and seven resistors, high CMRR is achievable only by laser trimming of resistors. Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6879271

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/6879271

Daneshyari.com