

Accepted Manuscript

Theoretical Interference Analysis of Inter-Vehicular Communication
at Intersection with Power Control

Tatsuaki Kimura, Hiroshi Saito

PII: S0140-3664(17)30416-4
DOI: [10.1016/j.comcom.2017.10.001](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.comcom.2017.10.001)
Reference: COMCOM 5575



To appear in: *Computer Communications*

Received date: 18 April 2017
Revised date: 22 September 2017
Accepted date: 2 October 2017

Please cite this article as: Tatsuaki Kimura, Hiroshi Saito, Theoretical Interference Analysis of Inter-Vehicular Communication at Intersection with Power Control, *Computer Communications* (2017), doi: [10.1016/j.comcom.2017.10.001](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.comcom.2017.10.001)

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Theoretical Interference Analysis of Inter-Vehicular Communication at Intersection with Power Control

Tatsuaki Kimura^{a,*}, Hiroshi Saito^a

^aNTT Network Technology Laboratories, NTT Corporation, Tokyo 180-8585, Japan

Abstract

Interference problems caused by congestion of vehicles at intersections or on highways may significantly degrade vehicle-to-vehicle (V2V) communications, especially for active-safety assistance systems due to the importance of emergency information. In this paper, we propose a theoretical interference model of V2V communications at an intersection that uses a transmission-power-control method. To evaluate and address the interference problem at an intersection, we derived an analytical expression of the outage probability of a *typical* vehicle at an intersection and provided guidelines for an optimal power-control method, which cannot be obtained through simulations. We modeled the location of vehicles in *queueing* and *running* segments separately and analyzed their interference on the basis of a stochastic geometry approach. In our model, a simple power-control method is used: the transmission power of each vehicle is determined by the status of the vehicle, i.e., stopped or running. By changing the transmission power of vehicles in queueing segments, we can mitigate the interference received at vehicles running closer to an intersection. By using the theoretical results, we obtain an optimal power-control method, which can balance the outage probabilities of vehicles in queueing and running segments. We validated our analytical results and the effect of the power-control method on V2V communications by numerical simulations.

Keywords: ITS; V2V communication; VANET; power control; stochastic geometry; Poisson point process; outage probability; intersection

*Corresponding author. Tel: +81-422-59-3367; Fax: +81-422-59-6364.

Email addresses: kimura.tatsuaki@lab.ntt.co.jp (Tatsuaki Kimura),
saito.hiroshi@lab.ntt.co.jp (Hiroshi Saito)

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/6880122>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/6880122>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)